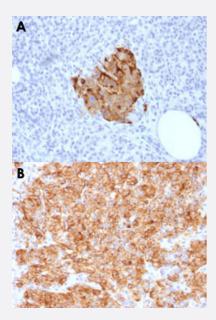


#### RecomAb™

# CHGA recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone CHGA/1773R

Catalog # RAB00321 Size 100 ug

## Applications



#### Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections)

Immunohistochemical staining (Formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) of human pancreas (A) and human parathyroid (B) with CHGA recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone CHGA/1773R (Cat # RAB00321).

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit recombinant monoclonal antibody raised against human CHGA.
Antibody Species	Rabbit
Immunogen	Original antibody is raised against recombinant protein corresponding to full length human CHGA.
Theoretical MW (kDa)	68-75
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Purification	Protein A/G purification
lsotype	lgG, kappa



### **Product Information**

Recommend Usage	Flow Cytometry (0.5-1 ug/10 <sup>6</sup> cells) Immunofluorescence (1-2 ug/mL) Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) (0.25-0.5 ug/mL) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In 10 mM PBS (0.05% BSA, 0.05% sodium azide)
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul d be handled by trained staff only.

## Applications

• Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Immunohistochemical staining (Formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) of human pancreas (A) and human parathyroid (B) with CHGA recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone CHGA/1773R (Cat # RAB00321).

- Immunofluorescence
- Flow Cytometry

Gene Info — CHGA	
Entrez GenelD	<u>1113</u>
Protein Accession#	<u>P10645</u>
Gene Name	CHGA
Gene Alias	CGA
Gene Description	chromogranin A (parathyroid secretory protein 1)
Omim ID	<u>118910</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the chromogranin/secretogranin family of neuro endocrine secretory proteins. It is found in secretory vesicles of neurons and endocrine cells. This gene product is a precursor to three biologically active peptides; vasostatin, pancreastatin, and p arastatin. These peptides act as autocrine or paracrine negative modulators of the neuroendocrin e system. Other peptides, including chromostatin, beta-granin, WE-14 and GE-25, are also derive d from the full-length protein. However, biological activities for these molecules have not been sho wn. [provided by RefSeq



#### **Product Information**

**Other Designations** 

betagranin (N-terminal fragment of chromogranin A)|chromogranin A|parathyroid secretory protein 1

### **Publication Reference**

• Distribution of chromogranin A and secretogranin I (chromogranin B) in neuroendocrine cells and tumors.

Lloyd RV, Cano M, Rosa P, Hille A, Huttner WB.

The American Journal of Pathology 1988 Feb; 130(2):296.

The primary structure of human chromogranin A and pancreastatin.

Konecki DS, Benedum UM, Gerdes HH, Huttner WB. The Journal of Biological Chemistry 1987 Dec; 262(35):17026.

#### Disease

- <u>Genetic Predisposition to Disease</u>
- Glomerulonephritis
- <u>Hypertension</u>
- Kidney Failure
- Prostatic Neoplasms
- Schizophrenia