

PTPRM polyclonal antibody

Catalog # PAB7422 Size 100 ug

Specification	
Product Description	Goat polyclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of PTPRM.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide corresponding to human PTPRM.
Sequence	C-KLIRQVDKWQEEYN
Host	Goat
Theoretical MW (kDa)	165, 164
Specificity	This antibody is expected to recognize both reported isoforms (NP_001098714.1 and NP_002836.3).
Form	Liquid
Purification	Antigen affinity purification
Concentration	0.5 mg/mL
Quality Control Testing	Antibody Reactive Against Synthetic Peptide.
Recommend Usage	ELISA (1:16000) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In Tris saline, pH 7.3 (0.5% BSA, 0.02% sodium azide)
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul d be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay



Gene Info — PTPRM	
Entrez GenelD	<u>5797</u>
Protein Accession#	NP_001098714.1;NP_002836.3
Gene Name	PTPRM
Gene Alias	MGC166994, PTPRL1, R-PTP-MU, RPTPM, RPTPU, hR-PTPu
Gene Description	protein tyrosine phosphatase, receptor type, M
Omim ID	<u>176888</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family. PTPs are known to be signaling molecules that regulate a variety of cellular processes including c ell growth, differentiation, mitotic cycle, and oncogenic transformation. This PTP possesses an ext racellular region, a single transmembrane region, and two tandem catalytic domains, and thus rep resents a receptor-type PTP. The extracellular region contains a meprin-A5 antigen-PTP mu (MA M) domain, an lg-like domain and four fibronectin type III-like repeats. This PTP has been shown t o mediate cell-cell aggregation through the interaction with another molecule of this PTP on an adj acent cell. This PTP can interact with scaffolding protein RACK1/GNB2L1, which may be necess ary for the downstream signaling in response to cell-cell adhesion. Alternative splicing results in m ultiple transcripts encoding distinct isoforms. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	protein tyrosine phosphatase mu protein tyrosine phosphatase, receptor type, mu polypeptide

Publication Reference

• Molecular analysis of receptor protein tyrosine phosphatase mu-mediated cell adhesion.

Aricescu AR, Hon WC, Siebold C, Lu W, van der Merwe PA, Jones EY.

The EMBO Journal 2006 Feb; 25(4):701.

Pathway

- Adherens junction
- Cell adhesion molecules (CAMs)



Disease

- Cardiovascular Diseases
- Diabetes Mellitus
- Edema
- Lupus Erythematosus
- Tobacco Use Disorder