

ZMYND11 polyclonal antibody

Catalog # PAB6315

Size 100 ug

Specification

Product Description	Goat polyclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of ZMYND11.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide corresponding to N-terminus of human ZMYND11.
Sequence	SRVHGMHPKETT-C
Host	Goat
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Purification	Antigen affinity purification
Concentration	0.5 mg/mL
Recommend Usage	ELISA (1:32000) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In Tris saline, pH 7.3 (0.5% BSA, 0.02% sodium azide)
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

- Western Blot
- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay

Gene Info — ZMYND11

Entrez GeneID	10771
Protein Accession#	NP_006615.2;NP_997644.2;NP_001189397.1;NP_001189393.1;NP_001189395.1;NP_001189394.1;NP_001189396.1
Gene Name	ZMYND11
Gene Alias	BRAM1, BS69, MGC111056, RP11-486H9.1
Gene Description	zinc finger, MYND domain containing 11
Omim ID	608668
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene was first identified by its ability to bind the adenovirus E1A protein. The protein localizes to the nucleus. It functions as a transcriptional repressor, and expression of E1A inhibits this repression. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified. [provided by RefSeq]
Other Designations	BS69 variant 1 BS69 variant 2 BS69 variant 3 BS69 variant 4 OTTHUMP00000018935 OTTHUMP00000018936 OTTHUMP00000018937 OTTHUMP00000044555 adenovirus 5 E1A binding protein bone morphogenetic protein receptor-associated molecule 1

Publication Reference

- [BS69, a novel adenovirus E1A-associated protein that inhibits E1A transactivation.](#)

Hateboer G, Gennissen A, Ramos YF, Kerkhoven RM, Sonntag-Buck V, Stunnenberg HG, Bernards R.
The EMBO Journal 1995 Jul; 14(13):3159.

Application: IP, WB-Tr, Human, Mouse, CAMA, HEK 293, NIH/3T3 cells