

APOC3 polyclonal antibody

Catalog # PAB5048 Size 150 ug

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against native APOC3.
Immunogen	Native purified human APOC3.
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Quality Control Testing	Antibody Reactive Against Native Protein.
Recommend Usage	The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS, pH 7.5 (50% glycerol, 0.01% thimerosal)
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	This product contains thimerosal: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

- Western Blot
- Immunoprecipitation
- Enzyme Immunoassay

Gene Info — APOC3

Entrez GeneID	345
Gene Name	APOC3
Gene Alias	APOCIII, MGC150353
Gene Description	apolipoprotein C-III
Omim ID	107720
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	Apolipoprotein C-III is a very low density lipoprotein (VLDL) protein. APOC3 inhibits lipoprotein lipase and hepatic lipase; it is thought to delay catabolism of triglyceride-rich particles. The APOA1, APOC3 and APOA4 genes are closely linked in both rat and human genomes. The A-I and A-IV genes are transcribed from the same strand, while the A-1 and C-III genes are convergently transcribed. An increase in apoC-III levels induces the development of hypertriglyceridemia. [provided by RefSeq]
Other Designations	-

Pathway

- [PPAR signaling pathway](#)

Disease

- [Alzheimer disease](#)
- [Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis](#)
- [Arterial Occlusive Diseases](#)
- [Arteriosclerosis](#)
- [Atherosclerosis](#)
- [Birth Weight](#)
- [Body Weight](#)
- [Brain Ischemia](#)
- [Calcinosis](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)

- [Carotid Artery Diseases](#)
- [Carotid Stenosis](#)
- [Chorioamnionitis](#)
- [Cognition](#)
- [Constriction](#)
- [Coronary Artery Disease](#)
- [Coronary Disease](#)
- [Coronary Stenosis](#)
- [Diabetes Complications](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Diabetic Angiopathies](#)
- [Diabetic Nephropathies](#)
- [Diabetic Neuropathies](#)
- [Diabetic Retinopathy](#)
- [Diseases in Twins](#)
- [Ductus Arteriosus](#)
- [Dyslipidemias](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Fatty Liver](#)
- [Fetal Membranes](#)
- [Gallstones](#)
- [Gender Identity](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Glucose Intolerance](#)
- [Heart Diseases](#)
- [Hepatitis](#)

- [Hepatitis C](#)
- [HIV Infections](#)
- [HIV-Associated Lipodystrophy Syndrome](#)
- [Hypercholesterolemia](#)
- [Hyperglycemia](#)
- [Hyperlipidemia](#)
- [Hyperlipidemias](#)
- [Hyperlipoproteinemia Type II](#)
- [Hyperlipoproteinemia Type III](#)
- [Hyperlipoproteinemia Type IV](#)
- [Hyperlipoproteinemias](#)
- [Hypertension](#)
- [Hypertriglyceridemia](#)
- [Hyperuricemia](#)
- [Hypolipoproteinemias](#)
- [Infant](#)
- [Inflammation](#)
- [Insulin Resistance](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Metabolic Syndrome X](#)
- [Microvascular Angina](#)
- [Myocardial Infarction](#)
- [Myocardial Ischemia](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Obesity](#)

- [Obstetric Labor](#)
- [Osteoporosis](#)
- [Peripheral Vascular Diseases](#)
- [Postoperative Complications](#)
- [Pre-Eclampsia](#)
- [Premature Birth](#)
- [Recurrence](#)
- [Renal Insufficiency](#)
- [Schizophrenia](#)
- [Stroke](#)
- [Thrombosis](#)
- [Vascular Diseases](#)
- [Weight Loss](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)