# FIGF polyclonal antibody

Catalog # PAB4879 Size 400 uL

## **Applications**



## Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western blot analysis of FIGF polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB4879) in 293 cell lysate. FIGF (arrow) was detected using the purified polyclonal antibody.



### Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections)

Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human lung carcinoma reacted with FIGF polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB4879), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of FIGF.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide (conjugated with KLH) corresponding to C-terminus of human FIGF.
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Purification	Protein G purification



## **Product Information**

Recommend Usage	ELISA (1:1000) Western Blot (1:250-500) Immunohistochemistry (1:50-100) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS (0.09% sodium azide)
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C. For long term storage store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul d be handled by trained staff only.

### Applications

Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western blot analysis of FIGF polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB4879) in 293 cell lysate. FIGF (arrow) was detected using the purified polyclonal antibody.

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human lung carcinoma reacted with FIGF polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB4879), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay

# Gene Info — FIGF

Entrez GenelD	2277
Protein Accession#	<u>NP_004460;O43915</u>
Gene Name	FIGF
Gene Alias	VEGF-D, VEGFD
Gene Description	c-fos induced growth factor (vascular endothelial growth factor D)
Omim ID	<u>300091</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>



### **Product Information**

**Gene Summary** 

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the platelet-derived growth factor/vascular endo thelial growth factor (PDGF/VEGF) family and is active in angiogenesis, lymphangiogenesis, and endothelial cell growth. This secreted protein undergoes a complex proteolytic maturation, genera ting multiple processed forms which bind and activate VEGFR-2 and VEGFR-3 receptors. This pr otein is structurally and functionally similar to vascular endothelial growth factor C. [provided by Re fSeq

**Other Designations** 

OTTHUMP00000022960 vascular endothelial growth factor D

#### **Publication Reference**

• Sulfatase 2 promotes breast cancer progression through regulating some tumor-related factors.

Zhu C, He L, Zhou X, Nie X, Gu Y. Oncology Reports 2016 Mar; 35(3):1318.

Application: WB, Human, HBL-100, MCF-7, MDA-MB-231, MDA-MB-468, BT-549 cells

<u>Metastasis via Peritumoral Lymphatic Dilation in Oral Squamous Cell Carcinoma.</u>

Kim HS, Park YW.

Maxillofacial Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery 2014 May; 36(3):85.

Application: IHC-P, Human, Oral squamous cell carcinoma

Plasmin activates the lymphangiogenic growth factors VEGF-C and VEGF-D.

McColl BK, Baldwin ME, Roufail S, Freeman C, Moritz RL, Simpson RJ, Alitalo K, Stacker SA, Achen MG. The Journal of Experimental Medicine 2003 Sep; 198(6):863.

Application: WB, Recombinant protein

Beta-catenin inversely regulates vascular endothelial growth factor-D mRNA stability.

Orlandini M, Semboloni S, Oliviero S.

The Journal of Biological Chemistry 2003 Aug; 278(45):44650.

#### <u>VEGF-D is the strongest angiogenic and lymphangiogenic effector among VEGFs delivered into skeletal</u> <u>muscle via adenoviruses.</u>

Rissanen TT, Markkanen JE, Gruchala M, Heikura T, Puranen A, Kettunen MI, Kholova I, Kauppinen RA, Achen MG, Stacker SA, Alitalo K, Yla-Herttuala S.

Circulation Research 2003 May; 92(10):1098.

#### Pathway

# 😵 Abnova

- Bladder cancer
- Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction
- Focal adhesion
- mTOR signaling pathway
- Pancreatic cancer
- Pathways in cancer
- <u>Renal cell carcinoma</u>

#### Disease

- <u>Chorioamnionitis</u>
- Fetal Membranes
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Lymphedema
- <u>Obstetric Labor</u>
- Pre-Eclampsia
- Premature Birth
- Thyroid Neoplasms