NT5E polyclonal antibody

Catalog # PAB3846 Size 400 uL

Applications



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections)

Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with NT5E polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB3846), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma; HC = hepatocarcinoma

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of NT5E.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide (conjugated with KLH) corresponding to C-terminus of human NT5E.
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Form	Liquid
Purification	Protein G purification
Recommend Usage	Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) (1:10-50) Western Blot (1:1000)
	The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS (0.09% sodium azide)
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C. For long term storage store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul d be handled by trained staff only.

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Gene Info — NT5E

Entrez GenelD	4907
Protein Accession#	<u>NP_002517</u>
Gene Name	NT5E
Gene Alias	CD73, E5NT, NT, NT5, NTE, eN, eNT
Gene Description	5'-nucleotidase, ecto (CD73)
Omim ID	<u>129190</u>
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	Ecto-5-prime-nucleotidase (5-prime-ribonucleotide phosphohydrolase; EC 3.1.3.5) catalyzes the conversion at neutral pH of purine 5-prime mononucleotides to nucleosides, the preferred substrat e being AMP. The enzyme consists of a dimer of 2 identical 70-kD subunits bound by a glycosyl p hosphatidyl inositol linkage to the external face of the plasma membrane. The enzyme is used as a marker of lymphocyte differentiation. Consequently, a deficiency of NT5 occurs in a variety of im munodeficiency diseases (e.g., see MIM 102700, MIM 300300). Other forms of 5-prime nucleotid ase exist in the cytoplasm and lysosomes and can be distinguished from ecto-NT5 by their substr ate affinities, requirement for divalent magnesium ion, activation by ATP, and inhibition by inorgan ic phosphate.[supplied by OMIM
Other Designations	5' nucleotidase (CD73) 5' nucleotidase, ecto OTTHUMP00000016808 OTTHUMP00000040565 Purine 5-Prime-Nucleotidase ecto-5'-nucleotidase

Publication Reference

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Role of extracellular nucleotide phosphohydrolysis in intestinal ischemia-reperfusion injury.

Hart ML, Henn M, Kohler D, Kloor D, Mittelbronn M, Gorzolla IC, Stahl GL, Eltzschig HK.

FASEB Journal 2008 Mar; 22(8):2784.

<u>A simplified method for the preparation of detergent-free lipid rafts.</u>

Macdonald JL, Pike LJ.

Journal of Lipid Research 2005 Feb; 46(5):1061.

Pathway

- Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from histidine and purine
- Metabolic pathways
- Nicotinate and nicotinamide metabolism
- Purine metabolism
- <u>Pyrimidine metabolism</u>

Disease

- Ataxia telangiectasia
- Colorectal Neoplasms
- Depressive Disorder
- Fatigue
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Ovarian Neoplasms
- Sleep Disorders
- Sleep Initiation and Maintenance Disorders