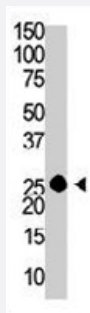


GUCA1A polyclonal antibody

Catalog # PAB3612

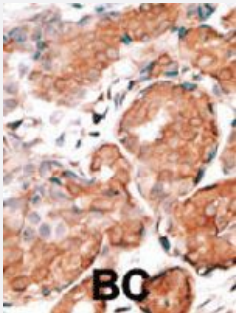
Size 400 uL

Applications



Western Blot (Cell lysate)

The GUCA1A polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB3612) is used in Western blot to detect GUCA1A in Y-79 cell lysate.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with GUCA1A polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB3612), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma.

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of GUCA1A.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide (conjugated with KLH) corresponding to C-terminus of human GUCA1A.
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Purification	Protein G purification

Recommend Usage	Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) (1:50-100) Western Blot (1:1000) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS (0.09% sodium azide)
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C. For long term storage store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

- Western Blot (Cell lysate)

The GUCA1A polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB3612) is used in Western blot to detect GUCA1A in Y-79 cell lysate.

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Gene Info — GUCA1A

Entrez GeneID	2978
Protein Accession#	P43080
Gene Name	GUCA1A
Gene Alias	COD3, GCAP, GCAP1, GUCA, GUCA1
Gene Description	guanylate cyclase activator 1A (retina)
Omim ID	600364 602093
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink

Gene Summary

This gene plays a role in the recovery of retinal photoreceptors from photobleaching. In the recovery phase, the phototransduction messenger cGMP is replenished by retinal guanylyl cyclase-1 (GC1). GC1 is activated by decreasing Ca^{2+} concentrations following photobleaching. The protein encoded by this gene, guanylyl cyclase activating protein 1 (GCAP1), mediates the sensitivity of GC1 to Ca^{2+} concentrations. GCAP1 promotes activity of GC1 at low Ca^{2+} concentrations and inhibits GC1 activity at high Ca^{2+} concentrations. Mutations in this gene cause autosomal dominant cone dystrophy (COD3); a disease characterized by reduced visual acuity associated with progressive loss of color vision. Mutations in this gene prohibit the inactivation of RetGC1 at high Ca^{2+} concentrations; causing the constitutive activation of RetGC1 and, presumably, increased cell death. This gene is expressed in retina and spermatagonia. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations

OTTHUMP00000016397|OTTHUMP00000196466

Publication Reference

- [Guanylate cyclase-activating protein \(GCAP\) 1 rescues cone recovery kinetics in GCAP1/GCAP2 knockout mice.](#)

Pennesi ME, Howes KA, Baehr W, Wu SM.

PNAS 2003 May; 100(11):6783.

Application: IF, IHC-Fr, Mouse, Mouse eyes

- [A mutation in guanylate cyclase activator 1A \(GUCA1A\) in an autosomal dominant cone dystrophy pedigree mapping to a new locus on chromosome 6p21.1.](#)

Payne AM, Downes SM, Bessant DA, Taylor R, Holder GE, Warren MJ, Bird AC, Bhattacharya SS.

Human Molecular Genetics 1998 Feb; 7(2):273.

- [Molecular characterization of human and mouse photoreceptor guanylate cyclase-activating protein \(GCAP\) and chromosomal localization of the human gene.](#)

Subbaraya I, Ruiz CC, Helekar BS, Zhao X, Gorczyca WA, Pettenati MJ, Rao PN, Palczewski K, Baehr W.

The Journal of Biological Chemistry 1994 Dec; 269(49):31080.

Pathway

- [Olfactory transduction](#)

Disease

- [Retinal Degeneration](#)

