PRKAR1A polyclonal antibody

Catalog # PAB3313 Size 400 uL

Applications





Western blot analysis of PRKAR1A polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB3313) in Jurkat cell lysate. PRKAR1A (arrow) was detected using purified polyclonal antibody. Secondary HRP-anti-rabbit was used for signal visualization with chemiluminescence.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections)

Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human hepatocellular carcinoma tissue reacted with PRKAR1A polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB3313), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by AEC staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. HC = hepatocarcinoma.

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of PRKAR1A.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide (conjugated with KLH) corresponding to N-terminus of human PRKAR1A.
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Purification	Protein G purification

😭 Abnova	Product Information
Recommend Usage	Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) (1:50-100) Western Blot (1:1000) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS (0.09% sodium azide)
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C. For long term storage store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul d be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

Western Blot (Cell lysate)

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Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

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Gene Info — PRKAR1A

Entrez GenelD	<u>5573</u>
Protein Accession#	<u>P10644</u>
Gene Name	PRKAR1A
Gene Alias	CAR, CNC, CNC1, DKFZp779L0468, MGC17251, PKR1, PPNAD1, PRKAR1, TSE1
Gene Description	protein kinase, cAMP-dependent, regulatory, type I, alpha (tissue specific extinguisher 1)
Omim ID	<u>160980 188550 188830 255960 610489</u>
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink

😵 Abnova	Product Information
Gene Summary	cAMP is a signaling molecule important for a variety of cellular functions. cAMP exerts its effects by activating the cAMP-dependent protein kinase, which transduces the signal through phosphoryl ation of different target proteins. The inactive kinase holoenzyme is a tetramer composed of two r egulatory and two catalytic subunits. cAMP causes the dissociation of the inactive holoenzyme int o a dimer of regulatory subunits bound to four cAMP and two free monomeric catalytic subunits. F our different regulatory subunits and three catalytic subunits have been identified in humans. This gene encodes one of the regulatory subunits. This protein was found to be a tissue-specific exting uisher that down-regulates the expression of seven liver genes in hepatoma x fibroblast hybrids. Mutations in this gene cause Carney complex (CNC). This gene can fuse to the RET protooncoge ne by gene rearrangement and form the thyroid tumor-specific chimeric oncogene known as PTC 2. A nonconventional nuclear localization sequence (NLS) has been found for this protein which su ggests a role in DNA replication via the protein serving as a nuclear transport protein for the second subunit of the Replication Factor C (RFC40). Three alternatively spliced transcript variants enc oding the same protein have been observed. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	cAMP-dependent protein kinase regulatory subunit Rlalpha cAMP-dependent protein kinase type I-alpha regulatory chain cAMP-dependent protein kinase, regulatory subunit alpha 1 protein kinas e A type 1a regulatory subunit tissue-specific extinguisher 1

Publication Reference

• Molecular and functional analysis of PRKAR1A and its locus (17q22-24) in sporadic adrenocortical tumors: 17q losses, somatic mutations, and protein kinase A expression and activity.

Bertherat J, Groussin L, Sandrini F, Matyakhina L, Bei T, Stergiopoulos S, Papageorgiou T, Bourdeau I, Kirschner LS, Vincent-Dejean C, Perlemoine K, Gicquel C, Bertagna X, Stratakis CA.

Cancer Research 2003 Sep; 63(17):5308.

• Merlin links to the cAMP neuronal signaling pathway by anchoring the RIbeta subunit of protein kinase A.

Gronholm M, Vossebein L, Carlson CR, Kuja-Panula J, Teesalu T, Alfthan K, Vaheri A, Rauvala H, Herberg FW, Tasken K, Carpen O.

The Journal of Biological Chemistry 2003 Oct; 278(42):41167.

Human tumors associated with Carney complex and germline PRKAR1A mutations: a protein kinase A disease!

Stergiopoulos SG, Stratakis CA.

FEBS Letters 2003 Jul; 546(1):59.

Pathway

- <u>Apoptosis</u>
- Insulin signaling pathway



Disease

- Adenoma
- Adrenal Cortex Diseases
- <u>Adrenal Cortex Neoplasms</u>
- <u>Cushing Syndrome</u>
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- <u>Myxoma</u>
- Thyroid Neoplasms