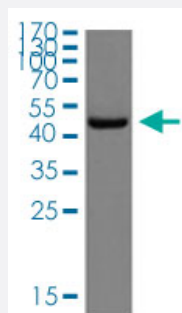


MAP2K1 (phospho S298) polyclonal antibody

Catalog # PAB31637 Size 100 uL

Applications



Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western Blot (Cell lysate) analysis of HepG2 cell lysate.

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of human MAP2K1 (phospho S298).
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide corresponding to amino acids 240-320 of human MAP2K1 (phospho S298).
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of MAP2K1 protein only when phosphorylated at S298.
Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purification
Isotype	IgG
Recommend Usage	ELISA (1:10000) Immunohistochemistry (1:100-300) Western Blot (1:500-2000) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS (50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide).

Storage Instruction

Store at -20°C.
Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Note

This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

- Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western Blot (Cell lysate) analysis of HepG2 cell lysate.

- Immunohistochemistry

- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay

Gene Info — MAP2K1

Entrez GeneID[5604](#)**Protein Accession#**[Q02750](#)**Gene Name**

MAP2K1

Gene Alias

MAPKK1, MEK1, MKK1, PRKMK1

Gene Description

mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase 1

Omim ID[176872](#)**Gene Ontology**[Hyperlink](#)**Gene Summary**

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the dual specificity protein kinase family, which acts as a mitogen-activated protein (MAP) kinase kinase. MAP kinases, also known as extracellular signal-regulated kinases (ERKs), act as an integration point for multiple biochemical signals. This protein kinase lies upstream of MAP kinases and stimulates the enzymatic activity of MAP kinases upon wide variety of extra- and intracellular signals. As an essential component of MAP kinase signal transduction pathway, this kinase is involved in many cellular processes such as proliferation, differentiation, transcription regulation and development. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations

protein kinase, mitogen-activated, kinase 1 (MAP kinase kinase 1)

Pathway

- [Acute myeloid leukemia](#)
- [B cell receptor signaling pathway](#)
- [Bladder cancer](#)
- [Chemokine signaling pathway](#)
- [Chronic myeloid leukemia](#)
- [Colorectal cancer](#)
- [Dorso-ventral axis formation](#)
- [Endometrial cancer](#)
- [ErbB signaling pathway](#)
- [Fc epsilon RI signaling pathway](#)
- [Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis](#)
- [Focal adhesion](#)
- [Gap junction](#)
- [Glioma](#)
- [GnRH signaling pathway](#)
- [Insulin signaling pathway](#)
- [Long-term depression](#)
- [Long-term potentiation](#)
- [MAPK signaling pathway](#)
- [Melanogenesis](#)
- [Melanoma](#)
- [Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity](#)
- [Neurotrophin signaling pathway](#)
- [Non-small cell lung cancer](#)
- [Pancreatic cancer](#)
- [Pathways in cancer](#)

- [Prion diseases](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Regulation of actin cytoskeleton](#)
- [Renal cell carcinoma](#)
- [T cell receptor signaling pathway](#)
- [Thyroid cancer](#)
- [Toll-like receptor signaling pathway](#)
- [Vascular smooth muscle contraction](#)
- [VEGF signaling pathway](#)

Disease

- [Abnormalities](#)
- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Cognition Disorders](#)
- [Developmental Disabilities](#)
- [Ectodermal Dysplasia](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Glioma](#)
- [Heart Defects](#)
- [LEOPARD Syndrome](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Mental Retardation](#)
- [Noonan Syndrome](#)
- [Pancreatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Skin Abnormalities](#)

- [Syndrome](#)