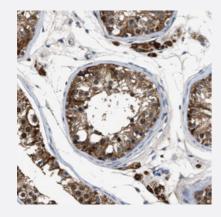


INHA polyclonal antibody

Catalog # PAB30907 Size 100 uL

Applications



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections)

Immunohistochemical staining (Formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) of human testis with INHA polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB30907) shows distinct positivity in cells of seminiferous ducts.

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against partial recombinant human INHA.
Immunogen	Recombinant protein corresponding to human INHA.
Sequence	QEAEEGLFRYMFRPSQHTRSRQVTSAQLWFHTGLDRQGTAASNSSEPLLGLLALSPGGPVAVP MSLGHAPPHWAVLHLAT
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Purification	Antigen affinity purification
Isotype	lgG
Recommend Usage	Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) (1:50-1:200) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS, pH 7.2 (40% glycerol, 0.02% sodium azide).



Product Information

Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C. For long term storage store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul d be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

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Gene Info — INHA	
Entrez GenelD	<u>3623</u>
Protein Accession#	P05111
Gene Name	INHA
Gene Alias	-
Gene Description	inhibin, alpha
Omim ID	<u>147380</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	The inhibin alpha subunit joins either the beta A or beta B subunit to form a pituitary FSH secretion inhibitor. Inhibin has been shown to regulate gonadal stromal cell proliferation negatively and to have tumour-suppressor activity. In addition, serum levels of inhibin have been shown to reflect the size of granulosa-cell tumors and can therefore be used as a marker for primary as well as recurrent disease. However, in prostate cancer, expression of the inhibin alpha-subunit gene was suppressed and was not detectable in poorly differentiated tumor cells. Furthermore, because expression in gonadal and various extragonadal tissues may vary severalfold in a tissue-specific fashion, it is proposed that inhibin may be both a growth/differentiation factor and a hormone. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	A-inhibin subunit inhibin alpha subunit

Disease

Abortion



- Amenorrhea
- Breast Neoplasms
- Disease Models
- Fragile X syndrome
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Infertility
- Neoplasms
- Obesity
- Ovarian cancer
- Ovarian Failure
- Ovarian Neoplasms
- Polycystic Ovary Syndrome
- Pre-Eclampsia
- Prostate cancer
- Prostatic Neoplasms
- Puberty
- Testicular Neoplasms
- Thrombophilia
- Tobacco Use Disorder