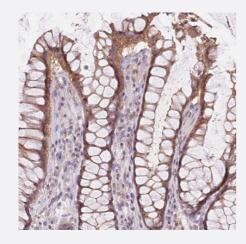


ATP1B3 polyclonal antibody

Catalog # PAB30267 Size 100 uL

Applications



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections)

Immunohistochemical staining (Formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) of human rectum with ATP1B3 polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB30267) shows moderate cytoplasmic positivity in glandular cells.

| Specification | |
|---------------------|---|
| Product Description | Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against partial recombinant human ATP1B3. |
| Immunogen | Recombinant protein corresponding to amino acids 115-172 of human ATP1B3. |
| Sequence | KPYTLEEQKNLTVCPDGALFEQKGPVYVACQFPISLLQACSGMNDPDFGYSQGNPCIL |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Reactivity | Human |
| Form | Liquid |
| Purification | Antigen affinity purification |
| Isotype | lgG |
| Recommend Usage | Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) (1:200 - 1:500) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user. |
| Storage Buffer | In PBS, pH 7.2 (40% glycerol, 0.02% sodium azide). |



Product Information

| Storage Instruction | Store at 4°C for short term storage. For long term storage store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing. |
|---------------------|---|
| Note | This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul d be handled by trained staff only. |

Applications

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Immunohistochemical staining (Formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) of human rectum with ATP1B3 polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB30267) shows moderate cytoplasmic positivity in glandular cells.

| Gene Info — ATP1B3 | |
|--------------------|--|
| Entrez GenelD | 483 |
| Protein Accession# | P54709 |
| Gene Name | ATP1B3 |
| Gene Alias | ATPB-3, CD298, FLJ29027 |
| Gene Description | ATPase, Na+/K+ transporting, beta 3 polypeptide |
| Omim ID | 601867 |
| Gene Ontology | <u>Hyperlink</u> |
| Gene Summary | The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the family of Na+/K+ and H+/K+ ATPases beta chain proteins, and to the subfamily of Na+/K+ -ATPases. Na+/K+ -ATPase is an integral membrane protein responsible for establishing and maintaining the electrochemical gradients of Na and K ions across the plasma membrane. These gradients are essential for osmoregulation, for sodium-coupled transport of a variety of organic and inorganic molecules, and for electrical excitability of nerve and muscle. This enzyme is composed of two subunits, a large catalytic subunit (alpha) and a smaller glycoprotein subunit (beta). The beta subunit regulates, through assembly of alpha/beta heterodimers, the number of sodium pumps transported to the plasma membrane. The glycoprote in subunit of Na+/K+ -ATPase is encoded by multiple genes. This gene encodes a beta 3 subunit. This gene encodes a beta 3 subunit. A pseudogene exists for this gene, and it is located on chromosome 2. [provided by RefSeq |
| Other Designations | Na+/K+-ATPase beta 3 subunit Na, K-ATPase beta-3 polypeptide sodium/potassium-dependent ATPase beta-3 subunit sodium/potassium-transporting ATPase beta-3 chain |

Pathway



• Cardiac muscle contraction