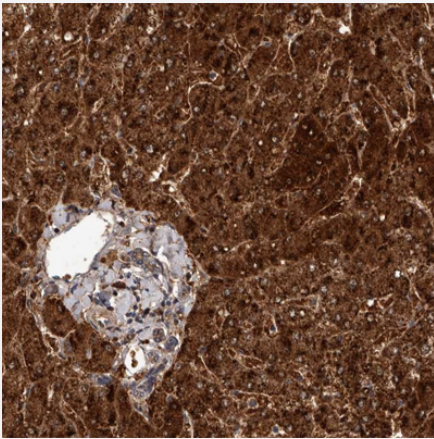


FGFR4 polyclonal antibody

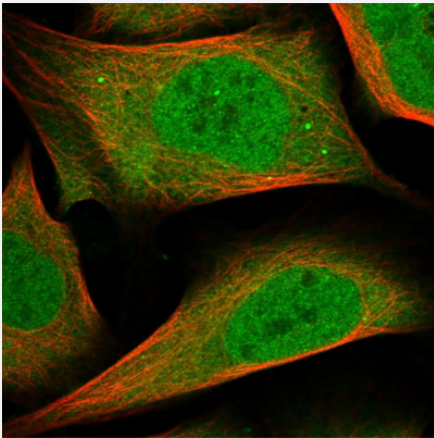
Catalog # PAB29419 Size 100 uL

Applications



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Immunohistochemical staining of human liver with FGFR4 polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB29419) shows strong cytoplasmic positivity in hepatocytes.



Immunofluorescence

Immunofluorescent staining of human cell line U-2 OS with FGFR4 polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB29419) at 1-4 ug/mL concentration shows positivity in cytoplasm and nucleus but excluded from the nucleoli.

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against recombinant human FGFR4.
Immunogen	Recombinant protein corresponding to human FGFR4.
Sequence	TGDSLTSNDDDEPKSHRDPSNRHSPQQAPYWTHPQRMEKKLHAVPAGNTVKFRCPAAGN
Host	Rabbit

Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Purification	Antigen affinity purification
Isotype	IgG
Recommend Usage	Immunohistochemistry (1:50-1:200) Immunofluorescence (1-4 ug/mL) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS, pH 7.2 (40% glycerol, 0.02% sodium azide)
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C. For long term storage store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

- Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Immunohistochemical staining of human liver with FGFR4 polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB29419) shows strong cytoplasmic positivity in hepatocytes.

- Immunofluorescence

Immunofluorescent staining of human cell line U-2 OS with FGFR4 polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB29419) at 1-4 ug/mL concentration shows positivity in cytoplasm and nucleus but excluded from the nucleoli.

Gene Info — FGFR4

Entrez GeneID	2264
Gene Name	FGFR4
Gene Alias	CD334, JTK2, MGC20292, TKF
Gene Description	fibroblast growth factor receptor 4
Omim ID	134935
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink

Gene Summary

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the fibroblast growth factor receptor family, where amino acid sequence is highly conserved between members and throughout evolution. FGFR family members differ from one another in their ligand affinities and tissue distribution. A full-length representative protein would consist of an extracellular region, composed of three immunoglobulin-like domains, a single hydrophobic membrane-spanning segment and a cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase domain. The extracellular portion of the protein interacts with fibroblast growth factors, setting in motion a cascade of downstream signals, ultimately influencing mitogenesis and differentiation. The genomic organization of this gene, compared to members 1-3, encompasses 18 exons rather than 19 or 20. Although alternative splicing has been observed, there is no evidence that the C-terminal half of the IgIII domain of this protein varies between three alternate forms, as indicated for members 1-3. This particular family member preferentially binds acidic fibroblast growth factor and, although its specific function is unknown, it is overexpressed in gynecological tumor samples, suggesting a role in breast and ovarian tumorigenesis. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations

OTTHUMP00000161430|hydroxyaryl-protein kinase|protein-tyrosine kinase|tyrosine kinase related to fibroblast growth factor receptor|tyrosylprotein kinase

Pathway

- [Endocytosis](#)
- [MAPK signaling pathway](#)
- [Regulation of actin cytoskeleton](#)

Disease

- [ACTH-Secreting Pituitary Adenoma](#)
- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Bone Neoplasms](#)
- [Breast cancer](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Bronchial Hyperreactivity](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Cleft Lip](#)
- [Cleft Palate](#)
- [Colon cancer](#)

- [Colorectal Neoplasms](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Head and Neck Neoplasms](#)
- [Hypersensitivity](#)
- [Irritable Bowel Syndrome](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Liver Neoplasms](#)
- [Lung carcinoma](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Lymphatic Metastasis](#)
- [Malignant melanoma](#)
- [Melanoma](#)
- [Mouth Neoplasms](#)
- [Neoplasm Metastasis](#)
- [Pituitary ACTH Hypersecretion](#)
- [Pituitary Neoplasms](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Prostatic Hyperplasia](#)
- [Prostatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Recurrence](#)
- [Sarcoma](#)
- [Skin Neoplasms](#)
- [Soft Tissue Neoplasms](#)
- [Thyroid Neoplasms](#)

- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)