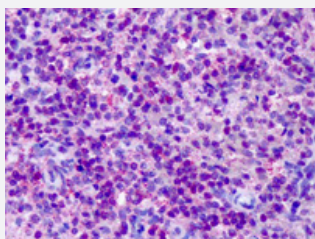


CNR2 polyclonal antibody

Catalog # PAB28336

Size 50 ug

Applications



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) of human spleen with CNR2 polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB28336).
Immunohistochemistry of formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue after heat-induced antigen retrieval.

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of CNR2.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide corresponding to 17 amino acids at C-terminus of human CNR2.
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Specificity	BLAST analysis of the peptide immunogen showed no homology with other human proteins.
Form	Liquid
Purification	Immunoaffinity chromatography
Recommend Usage	Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) (11 ug/ml) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS (0.09% sodium azide)
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C. For long term storage store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Note

This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

- Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) of human spleen with CNR2 polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB28336). Immunohistochemistry of formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue after heat-induced antigen retrieval.

- Immunocytochemistry

Gene Info — CNR2

Entrez GeneID [1269](#)

Protein Accession# [P34972](#)

Gene Name CNR2

Gene Alias CB2, CX5

Gene Description cannabinoid receptor 2 (macrophage)

Omim ID [605051](#)

Gene Ontology [Hyperlink](#)

Gene Summary

The cannabinoid delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol is the principal psychoactive ingredient of marijuana. The proteins encoded by this gene and the cannabinoid receptor 1 (brain) (CNR1) gene have the characteristics of a guanine nucleotide-binding protein (G-protein)-coupled receptor for cannabinoids. They inhibit adenylate cyclase activity in a dose-dependent, stereoselective, and pertussis toxin-sensitive manner. These proteins have been found to be involved in the cannabinoid-induced CNS effects (including alterations in mood and cognition) experienced by users of marijuana. The cannabinoid receptors are members of family 1 of the G-protein-coupled receptors. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations OTTHUMP00000015772|OTTHUMP00000044841

Pathway

- [Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction](#)

Disease

- [Anorexia Nervosa](#)
- [Attention Deficit Disorder with Hyperactivity](#)
- [Autistic Disorder](#)
- [Bulimia](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Depressive Disorder](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Hypertension](#)
- [Liver Cirrhosis](#)
- [Myocardial Infarction](#)
- [NARP](#)
- [Obesity](#)
- [Osteoporosis](#)
- [Schizophrenia](#)
- [Startle Reaction](#)
- [Substance-Related Disorders](#)