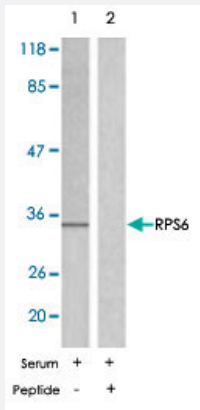


# RPS6 polyclonal antibody

Catalog # PAB26767      Size 100 ug

## Applications



### Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western blot analysis of extracts from 293 cells using RPS6 polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB26767).

## Specification

Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of RPS6.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding S235 of human RPS6.
Sequence	R-L-Sp-S-L
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity chromatography
Concentration	1 mg/mL
Recommend Usage	Western Blot (1:500-1:1000) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4 (50% glycerol, 0.02% sodium azide)

**Storage Instruction**

Store at -20°C.  
Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

**Note**

This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

## Applications

- Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western blot analysis of extracts from 293 cells using RPS6 polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB26767).

## Gene Info — RPS6

**Entrez GeneID**[6194](#)**Protein Accession#**[P62753](#)**Gene Name**

RPS6

**Gene Alias**

-

**Gene Description**

ribosomal protein S6

**Omim ID**[180460](#)**Gene Ontology**[Hyperlink](#)**Gene Summary**

Ribosomes, the organelles that catalyze protein synthesis, consist of a small 40S subunit and a large 60S subunit. Together these subunits are composed of 4 RNA species and approximately 80 structurally distinct proteins. This gene encodes a cytoplasmic ribosomal protein that is a component of the 40S subunit. The protein belongs to the S6E family of ribosomal proteins. It is the major substrate of protein kinases in the ribosome, with subsets of five C-terminal serine residues phosphorylated by different protein kinases. Phosphorylation is induced by a wide range of stimuli, including growth factors, tumor-promoting agents, and mitogens. Dephosphorylation occurs at growth arrest. The protein may contribute to the control of cell growth and proliferation through the selective translation of particular classes of mRNA. As is typical for genes encoding ribosomal proteins, there are multiple processed pseudogenes of this gene dispersed through the genome. [provided by RefSeq]

**Other Designations**

40S ribosomal protein S6|OTTHUMP00000021120|phosphoprotein NP33

## Pathway

- [Insulin signaling pathway](#)

- [mTOR signaling pathway](#)
- [Ribosome](#)