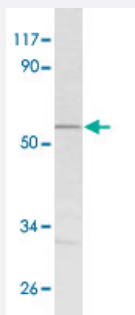


# AKT1 (phospho T308) polyclonal antibody

Catalog # PAB24747

Size 100 uL

## Applications



### Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western blot analysis of Jurkat cell lysate with UV treated. Using AKT1 (phospho T308) polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB24747) at 1:1000 dilution.

## Specification

|                             |                                                                                                                     |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Product Description</b>  | Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against synthetic phosphopeptide of AKT1.                                         |
| <b>Immunogen</b>            | Synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to residues surrounding T308 of AKT1.                                        |
| <b>Host</b>                 | Rabbit                                                                                                              |
| <b>Theoretical MW (kDa)</b> | 56                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Reactivity</b>           | Human                                                                                                               |
| <b>Specificity</b>          | AKT1 (phospho T308) polyclonal antibody detects endogenous levels of AKT1 protein only when phosphorylated at T308. |
| <b>Form</b>                 | Liquid                                                                                                              |
| <b>Purification</b>         | Antigen affinity purification                                                                                       |
| <b>Concentration</b>        | 1 mg/mL                                                                                                             |
| <b>Recommend Usage</b>      | Western Blot (1:500-1:1000)<br>The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.                   |
| <b>Storage Buffer</b>       | In PBS, pH 7.2 (0.05% sodium azide)                                                                                 |

**Storage Instruction**

Store at 4°C. For long term storage store at -20°C.  
Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

**Note**

This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

## Applications

- Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western blot analysis of Jurkat cell lysate with UV treated. Using AKT1 (phospho T308) polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB24747) at 1:1000 dilution.

## Gene Info — AKT1

**Entrez GeneID**[207](#)**Gene Name**

AKT1

**Gene Alias**

AKT, MGC99656, PKB, PKB-ALPHA, PRKBA, RAC, RAC-ALPHA

**Gene Description**

v-akt murine thymoma viral oncogene homolog 1

**Omim ID**[164730](#) [181500](#)**Gene Ontology**[Hyperlink](#)**Gene Summary**

The serine-threonine protein kinase encoded by the AKT1 gene is catalytically inactive in serum-starved primary and immortalized fibroblasts. AKT1 and the related AKT2 are activated by platelet-derived growth factor. The activation is rapid and specific, and it is abrogated by mutations in the pleckstrin homology domain of AKT1. It was shown that the activation occurs through phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase. In the developing nervous system AKT is a critical mediator of growth factor-induced neuronal survival. Survival factors can suppress apoptosis in a transcription-independent manner by activating the serine/threonine kinase AKT1, which then phosphorylates and inactivates components of the apoptotic machinery. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq]

**Other Designations**

RAC-alpha serine/threonine-protein kinase|murine thymoma viral (v-akt) oncogene homolog-1|protein kinase B|rac protein kinase alpha

## Pathway

- [Acute myeloid leukemia](#)
- [Adipocytokine signaling pathway](#)

- [Apoptosis](#)
- [B cell receptor signaling pathway](#)
- [Chemokine signaling pathway](#)
- [Chronic myeloid leukemia](#)
- [Colorectal cancer](#)
- [Endometrial cancer](#)
- [ErbB signaling pathway](#)
- [Fc epsilon RI signaling pathway](#)
- [Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis](#)
- [Focal adhesion](#)
- [Glioma](#)
- [Insulin signaling pathway](#)
- [Jak-STAT signaling pathway](#)
- [MAPK signaling pathway](#)
- [Melanoma](#)
- [mTOR signaling pathway](#)
- [Neurotrophin signaling pathway](#)
- [Non-small cell lung cancer](#)
- [Pancreatic cancer](#)
- [Pathways in cancer](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Renal cell carcinoma](#)
- [Small cell lung cancer](#)
- [T cell receptor signaling pathway](#)
- [Tight junction](#)

- [Toll-like receptor signaling pathway](#)
- [VEGF signaling pathway](#)

## Disease

- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Alzheimer disease](#)
- [Amphetamine-Related Disorders](#)
- [Atherosclerosis](#)
- [Basal Ganglia Diseases](#)
- [Bipolar Disorder](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Calcinosis](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Cognition](#)
- [Colonic Neoplasms](#)
- [Colorectal Neoplasms](#)
- [Coronary Artery Disease](#)
- [Depressive Disorder](#)
- [Diabetes Complications](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Disease Susceptibility](#)
- [Dominance](#)
- [Drug Toxicity](#)

- [Dyskinesia](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Endometrial Neoplasms](#)
- [Endometriosis](#)
- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [HIV Infections](#)
- [Leukemia](#)
- [Liver Cirrhosis](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Memory](#)
- [Metabolic Syndrome X](#)
- [Necrosis](#)
- [Neoplasm Metastasis](#)
- [Neoplasm Recurrence](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Neuropsychological Tests](#)
- [Obesity](#)
- [Osteoporosis](#)
- [Ovarian Failure](#)
- [Ovarian Neoplasms](#)
- [Parkinson disease](#)
- [Polycystic Ovary Syndrome](#)
- [Precursor T-Cell Lymphoblastic Leukemia-Lymphoma](#)
- [Prostatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Psychiatric Status Rating Scales](#)

- [Psychoses](#)
- [Psychotic Disorders](#)
- [Puberty](#)
- [Pulmonary Disease](#)
- [Rectal Neoplasms](#)
- [Retinal Neoplasms](#)
- [Retinoblastoma](#)
- [Schizophrenia](#)
- [Space Perception](#)
- [Thrombophilia](#)
- [Thyroid Neoplasms](#)
- [Tobacco Use Disorder](#)
- [Tuberculosis](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)
- [Verbal Learning](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)