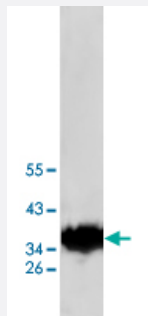


AKR1C3 polyclonal antibody

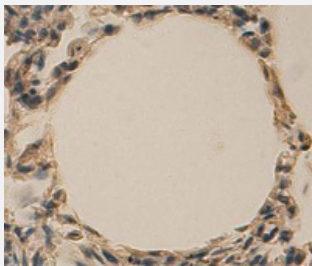
Catalog # PAB19807 Size 100 ug

Applications



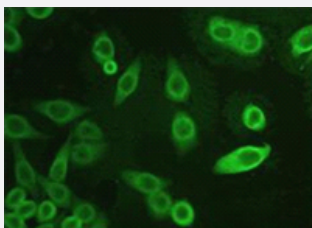
Western Blot (Tissue lysate)

Western blot analysis of human fetal liver tissue lysate with AKR1C3 polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB19807) at 1:500 dilution.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Immunohistochemical staining of formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded human lung showing staining with AKR1C3 polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB19807) at 1:100 dilution.



Immunofluorescence

Immunofluorescence staining of HeLa with AKR1C3 polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB19807) at 1:50 dilution.

Specification

Product Description

Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of AKR1C3.

Immunogen

A synthetic peptide corresponding to 15 amino acids at C-terminus of human AKR1C3.

Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Purification	Peptide affinity purification
Recommend Usage	ELISA (1:10000-1:40000) Western Blot (1:500-1000) Immunohistochemistry (1:100-500) Immunofluorescence (1:50-1:200) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In serum (0.02% sodium azide)
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C for three months. For long term storage store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

- Western Blot (Tissue lysate)

Western blot analysis of human fetal liver tissue lysate with AKR1C3 polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB19807) at 1:500 dilution.

- Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Immunohistochemical staining of formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded human lung showing staining with AKR1C3 polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB19807) at 1:100 dilution.

- Immunofluorescence

Immunofluorescence staining of HeLa with AKR1C3 polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB19807) at 1:50 dilution.

- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay

Gene Info — AKR1C3

Entrez GeneID	8644
Protein Accession#	P42330
Gene Name	AKR1C3

Gene Alias	DD3, DDX, HA1753, HAKRB, HAKRe, HSD17B5, KIAA0119, hluPGFS
Gene Description	aldo-keto reductase family 1, member C3 (3-alpha hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase, type II)
Omim ID	603966
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	This gene encodes a member of the aldo/keto reductase superfamily, which consists of more than 40 known enzymes and proteins. These enzymes catalyze the conversion of aldehydes and ketones to their corresponding alcohols by utilizing NADH and/or NADPH as cofactors. The enzymes display overlapping but distinct substrate specificity. This enzyme catalyzes the reduction of prostaglandin (PG) D2, PGH2 and phenanthrenequinone (PQ), and the oxidation of 9alpha,11beta-PGF2 to PGD2. It may play an important role in the pathogenesis of allergic diseases such as asthma, and may also have a role in controlling cell growth and/or differentiation. This gene shares high sequence identity with three other gene members and is clustered with those three genes at chromosome 10p15-p14. [provided by RefSeq]
Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000018996 aldo-keto reductase family 1, member C3 chlordecone reductase dihydrodiol dehydrogenase 3 dihydrodiol dehydrogenase X hydroxysteroid (17-beta) dehydrogenase 5 prostaglandin F synthase trans-1,2-dihydrobenzene-1,2-diol dehydrogenase type

Pathway

- [Arachidonic acid metabolism](#)
- [Metabolism of xenobiotics by cytochrome P450](#)

Disease

- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Breast cancer](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Ductus Arteriosus](#)
- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Hyperandrogenism](#)
- [Infant](#)
- [Leukemia](#)

- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Lymphoma](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Obesity](#)
- [Ovarian cancer](#)
- [Ovarian Failure](#)
- [Ovarian Neoplasms](#)
- [Polycystic Ovary Syndrome](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Prostatic Hyperplasia](#)
- [Prostatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Puberty](#)
- [Pulmonary Disease](#)
- [Thrombophilia](#)
- [Tobacco Use Disorder](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)