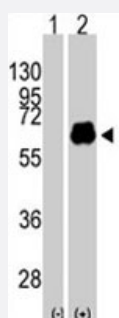


MYC polyclonal antibody

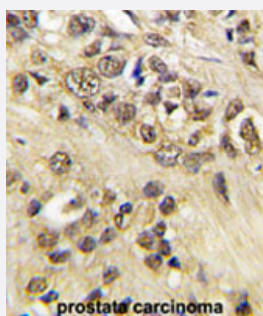
Catalog # PAB1905 Size 400 uL

Applications



Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Western blot analysis of MYC (arrow) using MYC polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB1905). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the MYC gene (Lane 2) (Origene Technologies).



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human prostate carcinoma tissue reacted with MYC polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB1905), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of MYC.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide (conjugated with KLH) corresponding to residues surrounding T58 of human MYC.
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Purification	Protein A purification

Recommend Usage	Western Blot (1:1000) Immunohistochemistry (1:10-50) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS (0.09% sodium azide)
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C. For long term storage store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

- Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

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Gene Info — MYC

Entrez GeneID	4609
Protein Accession#	NP_002458;P01106
Gene Name	MYC
Gene Alias	bHLHe39, c-Myc
Gene Description	v-myc myelocytomatosis viral oncogene homolog (avian)
Omim ID	113970 190080
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink

Gene Summary

The protein encoded by this gene is a multifunctional, nuclear phosphoprotein that plays a role in cell cycle progression, apoptosis and cellular transformation. It functions as a transcription factor that regulates transcription of specific target genes. Mutations, overexpression, rearrangement and translocation of this gene have been associated with a variety of hematopoietic tumors, leukemia and lymphomas, including Burkitt lymphoma. There is evidence to show that alternative translation initiations from an upstream, in-frame non-AUG (CUG) and a downstream AUG start site result in the production of two isoforms with distinct N-termini. The synthesis of non-AUG initiated protein is suppressed in Burkitt's lymphomas, suggesting its importance in the normal function of this gene. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations

avian myelocytomatosis viral oncogene homolog|myc proto-oncogene protein|v-myc avian myelocytomatosis viral oncogene homolog

Publication Reference

- [Primary diffuse large B-cell lymphoma of bone displays preferential rearrangements of the c-MYC or BCL2 gene.](#)
 Lima FP, Bousquet M, Gomez-Bouchet A, de Paiva GR, Amstalden EM, Soares FA, Dastugue N, Vassallo J, Brousset P.
 American Journal of Clinical Pathology 2008 May; 129(5):723.
- [Changes in the gene expression of C-myc and CD38 in HL-60 cells during differentiation induced by nicotinic acid-related compounds.](#)
 Ida C, Ogata S, Okumura K, Taguchi H.
 Bioscience, Biotechnology, and Biochemistry 2008 Mar; 72(3):868.
- [DNA-activated protein kinase in Raji Burkitt's lymphoma cells. Phosphorylation of c-Myc oncoprotein.](#)
 Iijima S, Teraoka H, Date T, Tsukada K.
 European Journal of Biochemistry 1992 Jun; 206(2):595.

Pathway

- [Acute myeloid leukemia](#)
- [Bladder cancer](#)
- [Cell cycle](#)
- [Chronic myeloid leukemia](#)
- [Colorectal cancer](#)
- [Endometrial cancer](#)

- [ErbB signaling pathway](#)
- [Jak-STAT signaling pathway](#)
- [MAPK signaling pathway](#)
- [Pathways in cancer](#)
- [Small cell lung cancer](#)
- [TGF-beta signaling pathway](#)
- [Thyroid cancer](#)
- [Wnt signaling pathway](#)

Disease

- [Alzheimer disease](#)
- [Breast cancer](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Chromosome Aberrations](#)
- [Colorectal Neoplasms](#)
- [Diabetes Complications](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Helicobacter Infections](#)
- [Hematologic Diseases](#)
- [Hodgkin Disease](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Lymphoma](#)

- [Lymphoproliferative Disorders](#)
- [Metabolic Syndrome X](#)
- [Mouth Neoplasms](#)
- [Neoplasm Metastasis](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Occupational Diseases](#)
- [Osteoporosis](#)
- [Ovarian cancer](#)
- [Ovarian Neoplasms](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Prostatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Pulmonary Disease](#)
- [Stomach Neoplasms](#)
- [Thyroid Diseases](#)
- [Thyroid Neoplasms](#)
- [Translocation](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)
- [Waldenstrom Macroglobulinemia](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)