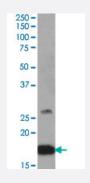


CNTF polyclonal antibody

Catalog # PAB18996 Size 100 ug

Applications



Western Blot (Tissue lysate)

CNTF polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB18996, 0.5 ug/mL) staining of mouse brain lysate (35 ug protein in RIPA buffer). Primary incubation was 1 hour. Detected by chemiluminescence.

Specification	
Product Description	Goat polyclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of CNTF.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide corresponding to amino acids at internal region of human CNTF.
Sequence	C-SIHDLRFISSHQ
Host	Goat
Theoretical MW (kDa)	17-28
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Form	Liquid
Purification	Antigen affinity purification
Concentration	0.5 mg/mL
Recommend Usage	ELISA (1:2000) Western Blot (0.5-2 ug/mL) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In 0.5 mg/mL in Tris saline, pH7.3 (0.5% BSA, 0.02% sodium azide)

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Product Information

Storage Instruction

Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Store at -20°C.

Note

This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul d be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

• Western Blot (Tissue lysate)

CNTF polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB18996, 0.5 ug/mL) staining of mouse brain lysate (35 ug protein in RIPA buffer). Primary incubation was 1 hour. Detected by chemiluminescence.

Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay

Gene Info — CNTF

Entrez GenelD	<u>1270</u>
Protein Accession#	<u>NP_000605.1</u>
Gene Name	CNTF
Gene Alias	HCNTF
Gene Description	ciliary neurotrophic factor
Omim ID	<u>118945</u>
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is a polypeptide hormone whose actions appear to be restricte d to the nervous system where it promotes neurotransmitter synthesis and neurite outgrowth in cer tain neuronal populations. The protein is a potent survival factor for neurons and oligodendrocytes and may be relevant in reducing tissue destruction during inflammatory attacks. A mutation in this gene, which results in aberrant splicing, leads to ciliary neurotrophic factor deficiency, but this phe notype is not causally related to neurologic disease. A read-through transcript variant composed of ZFP91 and CNTF sequence has been identified, but it is thought to be non-coding. Read-through transcription of ZFP91 and CNTF has also been observed in mouse. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000174731

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Product Information

- Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction
- Jak-STAT signaling pathway

Disease

- <u>Alzheimer disease</u>
- <u>Cardiovascular Diseases</u>
- Depressive Disorder
- Diabetes Mellitus
- Disease Models
- Eating Disorders
- Edema
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Kidney Failure
- Mental Disorders
- <u>Multiple Sclerosis</u>
- Obesity
- Overweight
- Schizophrenia
- <u>Schizophrenic Psychology</u>
- Weight Gain
- Weight Loss