KITLG polyclonal antibody

Catalog # PAB1884 Size 400 uL

Applications



Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western blot analysis of KITLG polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB1884) in 293 cell line lysates (35 ug/lane). KITLG (arrow) was detected using the purified polyclonal antibody.

Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Western blot analysis of KITLG (arrow) using KITLG polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB1884). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the KITLG gene (Lane 2) (Origene Technologies).



Immunofluorescence

Immunofluorescence analysis of KITLG polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB1884) in HeLa cells. Primary antibody was followed by Alexa-Fluor-546-conjugated donkey anti-rabbit IgG (H+L). Alexa-Fluor-546 emits orange fluorescence. Blue counterstaining is DAPI.



Product Information



Flow Cytometry

Flow cytometric analysis of WiDr cells using KITLG polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB1884)(bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram).

FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of KITLG.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide (conjugated with KLH) corresponding to C-terminus of human KITLG.
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Purification	Protein A purification
Recommend Usage	Western Blot (1:1000) Immunofluorescence (1:10-50) Flow cytometry (1:10-50) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS (0.09% sodium azide)
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C. For long term storage store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul d be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

• Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western blot analysis of KITLG polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB1884) in 293 cell line lysates (35 ug/lane). KITLG (arrow) was detected using the purified polyclonal antibody.

• Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Western blot analysis of KITLG (arrow) using KITLG polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB1884). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the KITLG gene (Lane 2) (Origene Technologies).

Immunofluorescence

Immunofluorescence analysis of KITLG polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB1884) in HeLa cells. Primary antibody was followed by Alexa-Fluor-546-conjugated donkey anti-rabbit IgG (H+L). Alexa-Fluor-546 emits orange fluorescence. Blue counterstaining is DAPI.

Flow Cytometry

Flow cytometric analysis of WiDr cells using KITLG polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB1884)(bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram).

FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

Gene Info — KITLG	
Entrez GenelD	<u>4254</u>
Protein Accession#	<u>NP_000890;P21583</u>
Gene Name	KITLG
Gene Alias	DKFZp686F2250, KL-1, Kitl, MGF, SCF, SF, SHEP7
Gene Description	KIT ligand
Omim ID	<u>184745</u>
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	This gene encodes the ligand of the tyrosine-kinase receptor encoded by the KIT locus. This ligan d is a pleiotropic factor that acts in utero in germ cell and neural cell development, and hematopoi esis, all believed to reflect a role in cell migration. In adults, it functions pleiotropically, while mostly noted for its continued requirement in hematopoiesis. Two transcript variants encoding different is oforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	mast cell growth factor steel factor stem cell factor

Publication Reference

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Product Information

 Early myeloid cells expressing c-KIT isoforms differ in signal transduction, survival and chemotactic responses to Stem Cell Factor.

Young SM, Cambareri AC, Odell A, Geary SM, Ashman LK. Cellular Signalling 2007 Dec; 19(12):2572.

 Differentiation of human embryonic stem cells in serum-free medium reveals distinct roles for bone morphogenetic protein 4, vascular endothelial growth factor, stem cell factor, and fibroblast growth factor 2 in hematopoiesis.

Pick M, Azzola L, Mossman A, Stanley EG, Elefanty AG. Stem Cells 2007 Jun; 25(9):2206.

• <u>Stem cell factor/c-kit receptor signaling enhances the proliferation and invasion of colorectal cancer cells</u> <u>through the PI3K/Akt pathway.</u>

Yasuda A, Sawai H, Takahashi H, Ochi N, Matsuo Y, Funahashi H, Sato M, Okada Y, Takeyama H, Manabe T. Digestive Diseases and Sciences 2007 Sep; 52(9):2292.

Pathway

- Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction
- Hematopoietic cell lineage
- <u>Melanogenesis</u>
- Pathways in cancer

Disease

- Asthma
- Breast cancer
- Breast Neoplasms
- <u>Cardiovascular Diseases</u>
- Diabetes Mellitus
- Edema
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease

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- Infertility
- <u>Neoplasms</u>
- Testicular Neoplasms
- <u>Vitiligo</u>