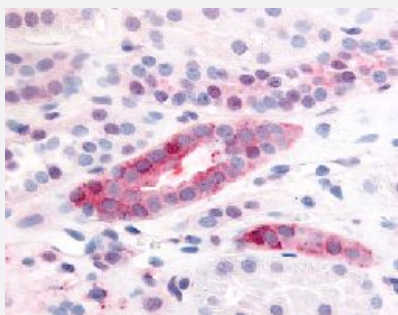


PDGFRB polyclonal antibody

Catalog # PAB16510

Size 50 ug

Applications



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Immunohistochemical (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining in human kidney (renal tubular epithelium in cortex) with PDGFRB polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB16510).

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of PDGFRB.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide (conjugated with KLH) corresponding to human PDGFRB.
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Extracellular domain of human.
Form	Liquid
Purification	Immunoaffinity purification
Recommend Usage	Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) (20 ug/mL) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS (0.09% sodium azide)
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C. For long term storage store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Note

This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

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Gene Info — PDGFRB

Entrez GeneID [5159](#)

Protein Accession# [P09619](#)

Gene Name PDGFRB

Gene Alias CD140B, JTK12, PDGF-R-beta, PDGFR, PDGFR1

Gene Description platelet-derived growth factor receptor, beta polypeptide

Omim ID [131440](#) [173410](#)

Gene Ontology [Hyperlink](#)

Gene Summary This gene encodes a cell surface tyrosine kinase receptor for members of the platelet-derived growth factor family. These growth factors are mitogens for cells of mesenchymal origin. The identity of the growth factor bound to a receptor monomer determines whether the functional receptor is a homodimer or a heterodimer, composed of both platelet-derived growth factor receptor alpha and beta polypeptides. This gene is flanked on chromosome 5 by the genes for granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor and macrophage-colony stimulating factor receptor; all three genes may be implicated in the 5-q syndrome. A translocation between chromosomes 5 and 12, that fuses this gene to that of the translocation, ETV6, leukemia gene, results in chronic myeloproliferative disorder with eosinophilia. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations beta platelet-derived growth factor receptor|platelet-derived growth factor receptor beta|soluble PDGFRb variant 1

Pathway

- [Calcium signaling pathway](#)
- [Colorectal cancer](#)

- [Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction](#)
- [Focal adhesion](#)
- [Gap junction](#)
- [Glioma](#)
- [MAPK signaling pathway](#)
- [Melanoma](#)
- [Pathways in cancer](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Regulation of actin cytoskeleton](#)

Disease

- [Acute Disease](#)
- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Alzheimer disease](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Diabetes Complications](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Disease Models](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Hyperparathyroidism](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Leukemia](#)
- [Metabolic Syndrome X](#)

- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Osteoporosis](#)
- [Ovarian Neoplasms](#)
- [Schizophrenia](#)
- [Subdural Effusion](#)