PDGFA polyclonal antibody

Catalog # PAB16158 Size 100 ug

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against PDGFA.
Immunogen	Human PDGFA.
Sequence	VKRCTGCCNTSSVKCQPSRVHHRSVKVAKVEYVRKKPKLKEVQVR
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Form	Lyophilized
lsotype	lgG
Recommend Usage	ELISA (1-2 ug/mL) Western Blot (2-10 ug/mL) Immunohistochemistry (2-10 ug/mL) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	Lyophilized from PBS, pH 7.4.
Storage Instruction	The lyophilized antibody is stable for at least 1 year from date of receipt at -20°C. After reconstitution with 0.01 M PBS, pH 7.4 or other diluents, this antibody can be stored in working aliquots at 2°C- 8°C for one month, or at -20°C for six months without detectable loss of activity. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

- Western Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay

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Product Information

Gene Info — PDGFA

Entrez GenelD	<u>5154</u>
Protein Accession#	<u>P04085</u>
Gene Name	PDGFA
Gene Alias	PDGF-A, PDGF1
Gene Description	platelet-derived growth factor alpha polypeptide
Omim ID	<u>173430</u>
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the platelet-derived growth factor family. The fou r members of this family are mitogenic factors for cells of mesenchymal origin and are characteriz ed by a motif of eight cysteines. This gene product can exist either as a homodimer or as a hetero dimer with the platelet-derived growth factor beta polypeptide, where the dimers are connected by disulfide bonds. Studies using knockout mice have shown cellular defects in oligodendrocytes, alv eolar smooth muscle cells, and Leydig cells in the testis; knockout mice die either as embryos or shortly after birth. Two splice variants have been identified for this gene. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	PDGF A-chain platelet-derived growth factor alpha platelet-derived growth factor alpha chain plate let-derived growth factor alpha isoform 2 preproprotein

Pathway

- Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction
- Focal adhesion
- Gap junction
- <u>Glioma</u>
- MAPK signaling pathway
- <u>Melanoma</u>
- Pathways in cancer
- Prostate cancer
- Regulation of actin cytoskeleton



Disease

- Asthma
- <u>Coronary Artery Disease</u>
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease