

APOB polyclonal antibody

Catalog # PAB11488 Size 100 ug

Applications

Western Blot (Tissue lysate)



APOB polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB11488) (0.5 ug/mL) staining of human serum lysates. Data kindly provided by Yan Xie and NO Davidson, Washington USA. This antibody showed background below 150kDa in serum samples . We call for caution when used for other assays than Western blot.

Specification

Product Description Goat polyclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of APOB.

Immunogen A synthetic peptide corresponding to human APOB.

Sequence C-TDLHLRYQKDKK

Host Goat

Theoretical MW (kDa) 516

Reactivity Human

Form Liquid

Purification Antigen affinity purification

Concentration 0.5 mg/mL

Quality Control Testing Antibody Reactive Against Synthetic Peptide.

Recommend Usage
 ELISA (1:32000)
 Western Blot (0.3-1 ug/mL)
 The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.

Storage Buffer	In Tris saline, pH 7.3 (0.5% BSA, 0.02% sodium azide)
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

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- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay

Gene Info — APOB

Entrez GeneID	338
Protein Accession#	NP_000375.2
Gene Name	APOB
Gene Alias	FLDB
Gene Description	apolipoprotein B (including Ag(x) antigen)
Omim ID	107730 144010
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink

Gene Summary	This gene product is the main apolipoprotein of chylomicrons and low density lipoproteins. It occurs in plasma as two main isoforms, apoB-48 and apoB-100: the former is synthesized exclusively in the gut and the latter in the liver. The intestinal and the hepatic forms of apoB are encoded by a single gene from a single, very long mRNA. The two isoforms share a common N-terminal sequence. The shorter apoB-48 protein is produced after RNA editing of the apoB-100 transcript at residue 2180 (CAA->UAA), resulting in the creation of a stop codon, and early translation termination. Mutations in this gene or its regulatory region cause hypobetalipoproteinemia, normotriglyceridemic hypobetalipoproteinemia, and hypercholesterolemia due to ligand-defective apoB, diseases affecting plasma cholesterol and apoB levels. [provided by RefSeq]
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Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000115994 apoB-100 apoB-48 apolipoprotein B apolipoprotein B48
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Publication Reference

- [Polymorphisms in apolipoprotein B and risk of ischemic stroke.](#)

Benn M, Nordestgaard BG, Jensen JS, Tybjaerg-Hansen A.

The Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism 2007 Sep; 92(9):3611.

Disease

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