

Bioactive

# TNFSF14 (Human) Recombinant Protein

Catalog # P9269      Size 100 ug

## Specification

<b>Product Description</b>	Human TNFSF14 recombinant protein expressed in <i>Pichia Pastoris</i> .
<b>Sequence</b>	<p>           LPSCKEDEYPVGSECCPKCSPGYRVKEACGELTGTVCEPCPPGTIAHLNGLSKCLQCQMCDP            AMGLRASRNCRTENAVCGCSPGHFCVQDGDHCAACRAYATSSPGQRVQKGGTESQDTLCQ            NCPPGTFSPNGTLEECQHQTCSWLVTKAGAGTSSSHWVEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEFEGAP            SVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRV            VSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPTPIEKTKAKAQGPREPQVYTLPPSRDELTKNQVSLTCL            VKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTPPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEA            LHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK         </p>
<b>Host</b>	Yeast
<b>Theoretical MW (kDa)</b>	58
<b>Form</b>	Lyophilized
<b>Preparation Method</b>	yeast expression system
<b>Purity</b>	> 95% as determined by (a) RP-HPLC.(b) SDS-PAGE.
<b>Activity</b>	Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The biologically active as determined by the ability to inhibit TNF-beta-mediated cytotoxicity using murine L929 cells.
<b>Storage Buffer</b>	Lyophilized from a solution containing 1X PBS, pH 7.4, 3 % Trehalose. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in ddH <sub>2</sub> O to 100 ug/mL.
<b>Storage Instruction</b>	Lyophilized protein at room temperature for 3 weeks, should be stored at -20°C. Protein aliquots at 4 °C for 2-7 days and should be stored at -20°C to -80°C for long term storage. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

## Applications

- Functional Study

## Gene Info — TNFSF14

Entrez GeneID	<a href="#">8740</a>
Protein Accession#	<a href="#">O43557</a>
Gene Name	TNFSF14
Gene Alias	CD258, HVEM, LIGHT, LTg, TR2
Gene Description	tumor necrosis factor (ligand) superfamily, member 14
Omim ID	<a href="#">604520</a>
Gene Ontology	<a href="#">Hyperlink</a>
Gene Summary	<p>The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the tumor necrosis factor (TNF) ligand family. This protein is a ligand for TNFRSF14, which is a member of the tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily, and which is also known as a herpesvirus entry mediator (HVEM). This protein may function as a costimulatory factor for the activation of lymphoid cells and as a deterrent to infection by herpesvirus. This protein has been shown to stimulate the proliferation of T cells, and trigger apoptosis of various tumor cells. This protein is also reported to prevent tumor necrosis factor alpha mediated apoptosis in primary hepatocyte. Two alternatively spliced transcript variant encoding distinct isoforms have been reported. [provided by RefSeq]</p>
Other Designations	delta transmembrane LIGHT herpesvirus entry mediator A ligand for herpesvirus entry mediator tumor necrosis factor ligand superfamily, member 14 tumor necrosis factor receptor-like 2 tumor necrosis factor superfamily member LIGHT

## Pathway

- [Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction](#)

## Disease

- [Dementia](#)
- [Genetic Diseases](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Hematologic Diseases](#)
- [Hodgkin Disease](#)
- [Hyperparathyroidism](#)

- [Inflammation](#)
- [Lymphoproliferative Disorders](#)
- [Multiple Myeloma](#)
- [Narcolepsy](#)
- [Occupational Diseases](#)
- [Stroke](#)
- [Waldenstrom Macroglobulinemia](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)