

SHH (Human) Recombinant Protein

Catalog # P9132 Size 2 x 10 ug

Specification

Product Description	Human SHH partial recombinant protein expressed in <i>Escherichia coli</i> .
Sequence	MIIGPGRGFGKRRHPKKLTPLAYKQFIPNVAEKTLGASGRYEGKISRNSERFKELTPNYPDIIFKDE ENTGADRLMTQRCKDKLNALAISVMNQWPGVKLRVTEGWDEDGHHSEESLHYEGRAVDITTSR DRSKYGMLARLAVEAGFDWVYYESKAHIHCSVKAENSVAAKSGG
Host	Escherichia coli
Theoretical MW (kDa)	19.8
Form	Liquid
Preparation Method	<i>Escherichia coli</i> expression system
Purification	chromatographic
Purity	> 95% as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Isotype	Escherichia Coli.
Storage Buffer	Solution (1 mg/mL) containing 1X PBS, pH 7.4.
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C for 2-4 weeks and should be stored at -20°C to -80°C. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% HSA or BSA). Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Applications

- SDS-PAGE

Gene Info — SHH

Entrez GeneID [6469](#)

Protein Accession#	Q15465
Gene Name	SHH
Gene Alias	HHG1, HLP3, HPE3, MCOPCB5, SMMCI, TPT, TPTPS
Gene Description	sonic hedgehog homolog (Drosophila)
Omim ID	120200 142945 147250 174500 600725
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	<p>This gene encodes a protein that is instrumental in patterning the early embryo. It has been implicated as the key inductive signal in patterning of the ventral neural tube, the anterior-posterior limb axis, and the ventral somites. Of three human proteins showing sequence and functional similarity to the sonic hedgehog protein of Drosophila, this protein is the most similar. The protein is made as a precursor that is autocatalytically cleaved; the N-terminal portion is soluble and contains the signalling activity while the C-terminal portion is involved in precursor processing. More importantly, the C-terminal product covalently attaches a cholesterol moiety to the N-terminal product, restricting the N-terminal product to the cell surface and preventing it from freely diffusing throughout the developing embryo. Defects in this protein or in its signalling pathway are a cause of holoprosencephaly (HPE), a disorder in which the developing forebrain fails to correctly separate into right and left hemispheres. HPE is manifested by facial deformities. It is also thought that mutations in this gene or in its signalling pathway may be responsible for VACTERL syndrome, which is characterized by vertebral defects, anal atresia, tracheoesophageal fistula with esophageal atresia, radial and renal dysplasia, cardiac anomalies, and limb abnormalities. Additionally, mutations in a long range enhancer located approximately 1 megabase upstream of this gene disrupt limb patterning and can result in preaxial polydactyly. [provided by RefSeq]</p>
Other Designations	sonic hedgehog

Pathway

- [Basal cell carcinoma](#)
- [Hedgehog signaling pathway](#)
- [Pathways in cancer](#)

Disease

- [Cleft Lip](#)
- [Cleft Palate](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)

- [Holoprosencephaly](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Parkinson disease](#)
- [Sleep Apnea](#)
- [Syndrome](#)
- [Thyroid Neoplasms](#)