

Bioactive

PROK1 (Human) Recombinant Protein

Catalog # P8542 Size 20 ug

Specification

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Product Description | Human PROK1 (P58294) recombinant protein expressed in <i>Escherichia coli</i> . |
| Sequence | AVITGACERDVQCGAGTCCAISLWLRGLRMCTPLGREGEECHPGSHKVVPFFRKHKHTCPCLPN LLCSRFPDGRYRCSCMDLKNINF. |
| Host | <i>Escherichia coli</i> |
| Theoretical MW (kDa) | 9.699999999999999 |
| Form | Lyophilized |
| Preparation Method | <i>Escherichia coli</i> expression system |
| Purity | > 95% by SDS-PAGE |
| Activity | The activity as determined by the dose-dependent proliferation of MIA PaCa-2 cells is typically 1-4 u g/mL. |
| Storage Buffer | Lyophilized from 0.1% Trifluoroacetic Acid (TFA). |
| Storage Instruction | Lyophilized EG-VEGF Human Recombinant although stable at room temperature for 3 weeks, should be stored desiccated below -18°C. Upon reconstitution EG-VEGF should be stored at 4°C between 2-7 days and for future use below -18°C. |

Applications

- Functional Study
- SDS-PAGE

Gene Info — PROK1

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| Entrez GenelID | 84432 |
| Protein Accession# | P58294 |
| Gene Name | PROK1 |
| Gene Alias | EGVEGF, PK1, PRK1 |
| Gene Description | prokineticin 1 |
| Omim ID | 606233 |
| Gene Ontology | Hyperlink |
| Gene Summary | Endocrine gland-derived vascular endothelial growth factor (EG-VEGF) induces proliferation, migration, and fenestration in capillary endothelial cells derived from endocrine glands. Its expression is induced by hypoxia and is restricted to the steroidogenic glands (ovary, testis, adrenal, and placenta). Its expression is often complementary to the expression of VEGF (MIM 192240), suggesting that these molecules function in a coordinated manner.[supplied by OMIM] |
| Other Designations | OTTHUMP00000013289 black mamba toxin-related protein mambakine |

Disease

- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)