

Bioactive**Full-Length**

GLUL (Human) Recombinant Protein

Catalog # P7988 Size 100 ug

Applications



Specification

Product Description	Human GLUL (P15104, 1 a.a. - 373 a.a.) full length recombinant protein with His tag expressed in <i>Escherichia coli</i> .
Sequence	MTTSASSHLNKGIKVYMSLPQGEKVQAMYIWIDGTGEGLRCKTRTLDSEPKCVEELPEWNFDG SSTLQSEGNSDMYLVPAAMFRDPFRKDPNKLVLCEVFKYNRRPAETNLRHTCKRIMDMVSNQH PWFGMEQEYTLMGTDGHPGWPSNGFPGPQGPYYCGVGADRAYGRDIVEAHYRACLYAGVKIA GTNAEVMPAQWEFQIGPCEGISMGDHLWVARFILHRVCEDFGVIATFDPKIPGNWNGAGCHTNF STKAMREENGLKYIEEAIEKLSKRHQYHIRAYDPKGGLDNARRLTGFHETSNNINDSAGVANRSASI RIPRTVGQEKKGYFEDRRPSANCDFSVTEALIRTCLLNFTGDEPFQYKN
Host	<i>Escherichia coli</i>
Theoretical MW (kDa)	44.2
Form	Liquid
Preparation Method	<i>Escherichia coli</i> expression system
Purity	> 90% by SDS-PAGE
Activity	Specific activity is > 2800 pmol/min/ug, and is defined as the amount of enzyme that convert 1.0 pmole of L-glutamate to L-glutamine per minute at pH 7.5 at 37°C in coupled system with PK/LDH.
Quality Control Testing	3 ug by SDS-PAGE under reducing condition and visualized by Coomassie blue stain.

Storage Buffer	In 20mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0 (20% glycerol, 200 mM NaCl, 5 mM DTT)
Storage Instruction	Store at 2°C to 8°C for 1 week. For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C to -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

- Functional Study
- SDS-PAGE

Gene Info — GLUL

Entrez GenelD	2752
Protein Accession#	P15104
Gene Name	GLUL
Gene Alias	GLNS, GS, PIG43, PIG59
Gene Description	glutamate-ammonia ligase (glutamine synthetase)
Omim ID	138290 610015
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	Glutamine is a main source of energy and is involved in cell proliferation, inhibition of apoptosis, and cell signaling (Haberle et al., 2005 [PubMed 16267323]). Fetal glutamine requirements are very high and depend largely on active glutamine synthesis and the release of glutamine into the fetal circulation by the placenta. Glutamine synthetase (EC 6.3.1.2), also called glutamate-ammonia ligase (GLUL), is expressed throughout the body and plays an important role in controlling body pH and in removing ammonia from the circulation. The enzyme clears L-glutamate, the major neurotransmitter in the central nervous system, from neuronal synapses (see references in Clancy et al., 1996 [PubMed 8975719]).[supplied by OMIM]
Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000035524 OTTHUMP00000035525 cell proliferation-inducing protein 59 glutamate-ammonia ligase (glutamine synthetase) glutamine synthetase proliferation-inducing protein 43

Pathway

- [Alanine](#)
- [Arginine and proline metabolism](#)

- [Metabolic pathways](#)
- [Nitrogen metabolism](#)

Disease

- [Cognition](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Schizophrenia](#)
- [Schizophrenic Psychology](#)
- [Weight Gain](#)