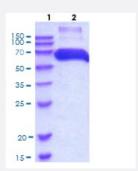


Bioactive

# P4HB (Human) Recombinant Protein

Catalog # P7937 Size 100 ug

## **Applications**



Specification	
Product Description	Human P4HB (P07237, 18 a.a 508 a.a.) partial length recombinant protein with His tag expressed in <i>Escherichia coli</i> .
Sequence	DAPEEDHVLVLRKSNFAEALAAHKYLLVEFYAPWCGHCKALAPEYAKAAGKLKAEGSEIRLAK VDATEESDLAQQYGVRGYPTIKFFRNGDTASPKEYTAGREADDIVNWLKKRTGPAATTLPDGAAA ESLVESSEVAVIGFFKDVESDSAKQFLQAAEAIDDIPFGITSNSDVFSKYQLDKDGVVLFKKFDEG RNNFEGEVTKENLLDFIKHNQLPLVIEFTEQTAPKIFGGEIKTHILLFLPKSVSDYDGKLSNFKTAAE SFKGKILFIFIDSDHTDNQRILEFFGLKKEECPAVRLITLEEEMTKYKPESEELTAERITEFCHRFLEG KIKPHLMSQELPEDWDKQPVKVLVGKNFEDVAFDEKKNVFVEFYAPWCGHCKQLAPIWDKLGE TYKDHENIVIAKMDSTANEVEAVKVHSFPTLKFFPASADRTVIDYNGERTLDGFKKFLESGGQDGA GDDDDLEDLEEAEEPDMEEDDDQKAVKDEL
Host	Escherichia coli
Theoretical MW (kDa)	57.5
Form	Liquid
Preparation Method	Escherichia coli expression system
Purity	> 90% by SDS-PAGE
Activity	Specific activity is > 100 A650/cm/min/mg, was measured the aggregation of insulin in the presence of DTT.



### **Product Information**

Quality Control Testing	3 ug by SDS-PAGE under reducing condition and visualized by Coomassie blue stain.
Storage Buffer	In 20mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0 (10% glycerol)
Storage Instruction	Store at 2°C to 8°C for 1 week. For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C to -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

### **Applications**

- Functional Study
- SDS-PAGE

Gene Info — P4HB	
Entrez GenelD	5034
Protein Accession#	P07237
Gene Name	Р4НВ
Gene Alias	DSI, ERBA2L, GIT, P4Hbeta, PDI, PDIA1, PHDB, PO4DB, PO4HB, PROHB
Gene Description	prolyl 4-hydroxylase, beta polypeptide
Omim ID	176790
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	This gene encodes the beta subunit of prolyl 4-hydroxylase, a highly abundant multifunctional enzy me that belongs to the protein disulfide isomerase family. When present as a tetramer consisting of two alpha and two beta subunits, this enzyme is involved in hydroxylation of prolyl residues in pr eprocollagen. This enzyme is also a disulfide isomerase containing two thioredoxin domains that catalyze the formation, breakage and rearrangement of disulfide bonds. Other known functions inc lude its ability to act as a chaperone that inhibits aggregation of misfolded proteins in a concentra tion-dependent manner, its ability to bind thyroid hormone, its role in both the influx and efflux of S-nitrosothiol-bound nitric oxide, and its function as a subunit of the microsomal triglyceride transfer protein complex. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	collagen prolyl 4-hydroxylase beta glutathione-insulin transhydrogenase procollagen-proline, 2-oxo glutarate 4-dioxygenase (proline 4-hydroxylase), beta polypeptide prolyl 4-hydroxylase, beta subu nit protein disulfide isomerase family A, member 1 protein d

#### Disease



- Cardiovascular Diseases
- Diabetes Mellitus
- Edema