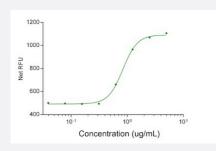


Bioactive

SHH (Human) Recombinant Protein

Catalog # P7339 Size 10 ug

Applications



Result of activity analysis

Result of activity analysis

Specification	
Product Description	Human SHH (Q15465, 24 a.a 197 a.a) C24ll mutant partial recombinant protein expressed in <i>Esc herichia coli</i> .
Sequence	IIPGRGFGKRRHPKKLTPLAYKQFIPNVAEKTLGASGRYEGKISRNSERFKELTPNYNPDIIFKDEEN TGADRLMTQRCKDKLNALAISVMNQWPGVKLRVTEGWDEDGHHSEESLHYEGRAVDITTSDRD RSKYGMLARLAVEAGFDWVYYESKAHIHCSVKAENSVAAKSGG
Host	Escherichia coli
Theoretical MW (kDa)	19.7
Form	Lyophilized
Preparation Method	Escherichia coli expression system
Purity	> 95% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE.> 95% as analyzed by HPLC.
Endotoxin Level	< 0.2 EU/ug of protein by gel clotting method
Activity	ED ₅₀ < 2.0 ug/mL, measured by the ability to induce alkaline phosphatase production by C3H/10T1/ 2 (CCL-226) Cells, corresponding to a specific activity of > 500.0 units/mg.



Product Information

Recommend Usage	Biological Activity SDS-PAGE The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	Lyophilized from PBS. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in ddH ₂ O up to 100 ug/mL.
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C to 8°C for 1 week. For long term storage store at -20°C to -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	Result of activity analysis Result of activity analysis

Applications

- Functional Study
- SDS-PAGE

Gene Info — SHH	
Entrez GenelD	<u>6469</u>
Protein Accession#	<u>Q15465</u>
Gene Name	SHH
Gene Alias	HHG1, HLP3, HPE3, MCOPCB5, SMMCI, TPT, TPTPS
Gene Description	sonic hedgehog homolog (Drosophila)
Omim ID	<u>120200 142945 147250 174500 600725</u>
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink



Product Information

Gene Summary

This gene encodes a protein that is instrumental in patterning the early embryo. It has been implic ated as the key inductive signal in patterning of the ventral neural tube, the anterior-posterior limb axis, and the ventral somites. Of three human proteins showing sequence and functional similarity to the sonic hedgehog protein of Drosophila, this protein is the most similar. The protein is made as a precursor that is autocatalytically cleaved; the N-terminal portion is soluble and contains the s ignalling activity while the C-terminal portion is involved in precursor processing. More importantly, the C-terminal product covalently attaches a cholesterol moiety to the N-terminal product, restrictin g the N-terminal product to the cell surface and preventing it from freely diffusing throughout the de veloping embryo. Defects in this protein or in its signalling pathway are a cause of holoprosencep haly (HPE), a disorder in which the developing forebrain fails to correctly separate into right and le ft hemispheres. HPE is manifested by facial deformities. It is also thought that mutations in this ge ne or in its signalling pathway may be responsible for VACTERL syndrome, which is characterize d by vertebral defects, anal atresia, tracheoesophageal fistula with esophageal atresia, radial and renal dysplasia, cardiac anomalies, and limb abnormalities. Additionally, mutations in a long rang e enhancer located approximately 1 megabase upstream of this gene disrupt limb patterning and can result in preaxial polydactyly. [provided by RefSeq

Other Designations

sonic hedgehog

Pathway

- <u>Basal cell carcinoma</u>
- <u>Hedgehog signaling pathway</u>
- Pathways in cancer

Disease

- Cleft Lip
- <u>Cleft Palate</u>
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Holoprosencephaly
- Kidney Failure
- Parkinson disease
- Sleep Apnea
- Syndrome
- Thyroid Neoplasms