



Full-Length

# TPI1 (Human) Recombinant Protein

Catalog # P6948 Size 100 ug

# Applications



3 ug SDS-PAGE under reducing condition and visualized by coomassie blue stain.

Specification	
Product Description	Human TPI1 (NP_000356, 1 - 249 a.a.) full length recombinant protein with His tag expressed in <i>Esc herichia coli</i> expression system.
Host	Escherichia coli
Theoretical MW (kDa)	28.8
Form	Liquid
Preparation Method	Escherichia coli expression system
Purity	> 95% by SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin Level	< 1 EU/ug
Activity	Specific activity is > 3000 units/mg, in which one unit will convert 1.0 umole of D-glyceraldehyde-3-ph osphate to dihydroxyacetone phosphate per minute at pH 7.5 at 25°C.
Quality Control Testing	SDS-PAGE Stained with Coomassie Blue 3 ug SDS-PAGE under reducing condition and visualized by coomassie blue stain.
Recommend Usage	SDS-PAGE The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.

😵 Abnova	Product Information
Storage Buffer	In 20 mM Tris-HCI, 1 mM DTT, pH 8.0 (10% glycerol)
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C for one week. For long term storage store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

### Applications

SDS-PAGE

Gene Info — TPI1	
Entrez GenelD	7167
Protein Accession#	<u>P60174</u>
Gene Name	TPI1
Gene Alias	MGC88108, TPI
Gene Description	triosephosphate isomerase 1
Omim ID	<u>190450</u>
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	This gene encodes an enzyme, consisting of two identical proteins, which catalyzes the isomeriza tion of glyceraldehydes 3-phosphate (G3P) and dihydroxy-acetone phosphate (DHAP) in glycolysi s and gluconeogenesis. Mutations in this gene are associated with triosephosphate isomerase d eficiency. Pseudogenes have been identified on chromosomes 1, 4, 6 and 7. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	-

## Pathway

- Carbon fixation in photosynthetic organisms
- Fructose and mannose metabolism
- <u>Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis</u>
- Inositol phosphate metabolism



• Metabolic pathways

#### Disease

• Malaria