

Bioactive

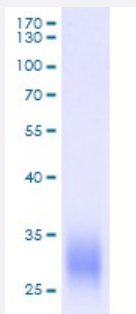
HuPro®

FCGR2A(Human) Recombinant Protein

Catalog # P6765

Size 100 ug

Applications



FCGR2A(Human) Recombinant Protein (Cat #P6765) was determined by SDS-PAGE with Coomassie Blue, showing a band at 32-38 kDa.

Result of activity analysis

Result of activity analysis

Specification

Product Description	Human FCGR2A (NP_001129691.1, 36 a.a. - 218 a.a.) partial recombinant protein with His tag at C-terminus expressed in HEK293 cells.
Host	Human
Theoretical MW (kDa)	32-38
Form	Lyophilized
Preparation Method	Mammalian cell (HEK293) expression system
Purification	Ni-sepharose purification
Purity	> 97% by SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin Level	< 0.1 EU/ug
Activity	Measured by the binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized recombinant human CD32a at 1 ug/mL (100 uL/well) can bind biotinylated human IgG1 with a linear range of 30-250 ng/mL.
Quality Control Testing	SDS-PAGE Stained with Coomassie Blue FCGR2A(Human) Recombinant Protein (Cat #P6765) was determined by SDS-PAGE with Coomassie Blue, showing a band at 32-38 kDa.
Recommend Usage	SDS-PAGE The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	Lyophilized from PBS, pH 7.4.
Storage Instruction	Store the lyophilized protein at -20°C to -80°C for long term. After reconstitution to a concentration of 0.1-0.5 mg/mL in sterile distilled water, the protein solution is stable at -20°C for 3 months, at 2-8°C for up to 1 week. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	Result of activity analysis Result of activity analysis

Applications

- SDS-PAGE

Gene Info — FCGR2A

Entrez GeneID	2212
Protein Accession#	P12318
Gene Name	FCGR2A
Gene Alias	CD32, CD32A, CDw32, FCG2, FCGR2, FCGR2A1, FcGR, IGFR2, MGC23887, MGC30032
Gene Description	Fc fragment of IgG, low affinity IIa, receptor (CD32)
Omim ID	146790
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink

Gene Summary

This gene encodes one member of a family of immunoglobulin Fc receptor genes found on the surface of many immune response cells. The protein encoded by this gene is a cell surface receptor found on phagocytic cells such as macrophages and neutrophils, and is involved in the process of phagocytosis and clearing of immune complexes. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations

Fc fragment of IgG, low affinity IIa, receptor|Fc fragment of IgG, low affinity IIa, receptor for (CD32)|Immunoglobulin G Fc receptor II|OTTHUMP00000032377

Pathway

- [Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis](#)
- [Systemic lupus erythematosus](#)

Disease

- [Acute Disease](#)
- [Addison Disease](#)
- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Aggressive Periodontitis](#)
- [Agranulocytosis](#)
- [AIDS-Related Opportunistic Infections](#)
- [Albuminuria](#)
- [Alveolar Bone Loss](#)
- [Anemia](#)
- [Anti-Glomerular Basement Membrane Disease](#)
- [Antiphospholipid Syndrome](#)
- [Arteriosclerosis](#)
- [Arthritis](#)
- [Asthma](#)
- [Atherosclerosis](#)

- [Autoimmune Diseases](#)
- [Behcet Syndrome](#)
- [Birth Weight](#)
- [Brain Ischemia](#)
- [Breast cancer](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Brucellosis](#)
- [Candidiasis](#)
- [Cardiomyopathy](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Carotid Artery Diseases](#)
- [Celiac Disease](#)
- [Cerebrovascular Accident](#)
- [Chronic Disease](#)
- [Chronic Periodontitis](#)
- [Colitis](#)
- [Colorectal Neoplasms](#)
- [Community-Acquired Infections](#)
- [Coronary Artery Disease](#)
- [Coronary Disease](#)
- [Cryptococcosis](#)
- [Cystic fibrosis](#)
- [Dengue](#)
- [Dental Plaque](#)
- [Dermatitis](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)

- [Disease Models](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Disease Susceptibility](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Epilepsy](#)
- [Erythroblastosis](#)
- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Glioblastoma](#)
- [Glioma](#)
- [Glomerulonephritis](#)
- [Graft vs Host Disease](#)
- [Gram-Negative Bacterial Infections](#)
- [Graves Disease](#)
- [Guillain-Barre Syndrome](#)
- [Haemophilus Infections](#)
- [Hematologic Diseases](#)
- [Hepatitis](#)
- [HIV Infections](#)
- [Hodgkin Disease](#)
- [Infection](#)
- [Inflammation](#)
- [Kidney Diseases](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Leukemia](#)
- [Lichen Planus](#)

- [Lupus Erythematosus](#)
- [Lupus Nephritis](#)
- [Lupus Vasculitis](#)
- [Lymphoma](#)
- [Lymphoproliferative Disorders](#)
- [Malaria](#)
- [Mandibular Diseases](#)
- [Maxillary Diseases](#)
- [Meningeal Neoplasms](#)
- [Meningioma](#)
- [Meningococcal Infections](#)
- [Mucocutaneous Lymph Node Syndrome](#)
- [Multiple Myeloma](#)
- [Multiple Sclerosis](#)
- [Myasthenia Gravis](#)
- [Nephritis](#)
- [Neuroblastoma](#)
- [Neutropenia](#)
- [Occupational Diseases](#)
- [Onchocerciasis](#)
- [Otitis Media with Effusion](#)
- [Papillomavirus Infections](#)
- [Parasitemia](#)
- [Pemphigoid](#)
- [Periapical Periodontitis](#)
- [Periodontal Attachment Loss](#)

- [Periodontal Diseases](#)
- [Periodontal Pocket](#)
- [Periodontitis](#)
- [Placenta Diseases](#)
- [Pneumococcal Infections](#)
- [Pneumonia](#)
- [Poliomyelitis](#)
- [Postpoliomyelitis Syndrome](#)
- [Pregnancy Complications](#)
- [Pseudomonas Infections](#)
- [Puerperal Disorders](#)
- [Purpura](#)
- [Recurrence](#)
- [Respiratory Tract Infections](#)
- [Rheumatic Fever](#)
- [Rhinitis](#)
- [Scleroderma](#)
- [Seizures](#)
- [Sepsis](#)
- [Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome](#)
- [Sickle Cell Trait](#)
- [Stomach Neoplasms](#)
- [Streptococcal Infections](#)
- [Stroke](#)
- [Temporal Arteritis](#)
- [Thrombocytopenia](#)

- [Thromboembolism](#)
- [Thymoma](#)
- [Thymus Neoplasms](#)
- [Tuberculosis](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)
- [Uterine Cervical Neoplasms](#)
- [Vasculitis](#)
- [Ventricular Dysfunction](#)
- [Waldenstrom Macroglobulinemia](#)
- [Wegener Granulomatosis](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)