

Bioactive

# TEK (Human) Recombinant Protein

Catalog # P6563 Size 5 ug

# **Applications**

### Result of activity analysis

Result of activity analysis

Specification	
Product Description	Human TEK (NP_000450.1, 771 a.a 1124 a.a.) partial recombinant protein with GST-tag at N-term inal using baculovirus expression system.
Host	Viruses
Form	Liquid
Preparation Method	Baculovirus expression system.
Purification	Glutathione sepharose chromatography.
Purity	0.78
Activity	The activity was measured by off-chip mobility shift assay. The enzyme was incubated with fluorecen ce-labeled substrate and Mg (or Mn)/ATP. Substrate: Blk/Lyntide, ATP: 100 uM.
Quality Control Testing	The purity was assessed by SDS-PAGE/CBB staining.
Storage Buffer	50 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, 0.1% CHAPS, 1 mM DTT, 10% glycerol, pH 7.5
Storage Instruction	Stored at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.



Note

Result of activity analysis Result of activity analysis

### **Applications**

Functional Study

Gene Info — TEK	
Entrez GenelD	7010
Protein Accession#	NP_000450.1
Gene Name	TEK
Gene Alias	CD202B, TIE-2, TIE2, VMCM, VMCM1
Gene Description	TEK tyrosine kinase, endothelial
Omim ID	600195 600221
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	The TEK receptor tyrosine kinase is expressed almost exclusively in endothelial cells in mice, rats, and humans. This receptor possesses a unique extracellular domain containing 2 immunoglobuli n-like loops separated by 3 epidermal growth factor-like repeats that are connected to 3 fibronectin type III-like repeats. The ligand for the receptor is angiopoietin-1. Defects in TEK are associated with inherited venous malformations; the TEK signaling pathway appears to be critical for endothe lial cell-smooth muscle cell communication in venous morphogenesis. TEK is closely related to the TIE receptor tyrosine kinase. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000021167 soluble TIE2 variant 1 soluble TIE2 variant 2

#### Disease

- Drug Toxicity
- Edema
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Hypercholesterolemia
- Kidney Failure



- Tobacco Use Disorder
- Vascular Malformations