

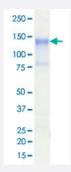
Bioactive

Full-Length

DYRK1A (Human) Recombinant Protein

Catalog # P5539 Size 5 ug

Applications



Result of activity analysis

Result of activity analysis

Specification	
Product Description	Human DYRK1A (NP_001387.2, 1 a.a 763 a.a.) full-length recombinant protein with GST tag expre ssed in baculovirus infected Sf21 cells.
Host	insect
Theoretical MW (kDa)	112
Form	Liquid
Preparation Method	Baculovirus infected insect cell (Sf21) expression system
Purification	Glutathione sepharose chromatography
Purity	81 % by SDS-PAGE/CBB staining



Product Information

Activity	The activity was measured by off-chip mobility shift assay. The enzyme was incubated with fluoresce nce-labeled substrate and Mg(or Mn)/ATP. The phosphorylated and unphosphorylated substrates we re separated and detected by LabChip 3000. Substrate: DYRKtide-F. ATP: 100 uM.
Quality Control Testing	Loading 1 ug protein in SDS-PAGE
Storage Buffer	In 50 mM Tris-HCI, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.5 (0.1% CHAPS, 1 mM DTT, 10% glycerol)
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	Result of activity analysis Result of activity analysis

Applications

- Functional Study
- SDS-PAGE

Gene Info — DYRK1A	
Entrez GenelD	<u>1859</u>
Protein Accession#	NP_001387.2
Gene Name	DYRK1A
Gene Alias	DYRK, DYRK1, HP86, MNB, MNBH
Gene Description	dual-specificity tyrosine-(Y)-phosphorylation regulated kinase 1A
Omim ID	<u>600855</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	This gene encodes a member of the Dual-specificity tyrosine phosphorylation-regulated kinase (DYRK) family. This member contains a nuclear targeting signal sequence, a protein kinase domain, a leucine zipper motif, and a highly conservative 13-consecutive-histidine repeat. It catalyzes its autophosphorylation on serine/threonine and tyrosine residues. It may play a significant role in a signaling pathway regulating cell proliferation and may be involved in brain development. This gene is a homolog of Drosophila mnb (minibrain) gene and rat Dyrk gene. It is localized in the Down syndrome critical region of chromosome 21, and is considered to be a strong candidate gene for learning defects associated with Down syndrome. Alternative splicing of this gene generates sever all transcript variants differing from each other either in the 5' UTR or in the 3' coding region. These variants encode at least five different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq



Product Information

Other Designations

MNB/DYRK protein kinase|OTTHUMP00000109090|dual specificity YAK1-related kinase|minibra in homolog|mnb protein kinase homolog hp86|protein kinase minibrain homolog|serine/threonine kinase MNB|serine/threonine-specific protein kinase

Disease

- Alzheimer Disease
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease