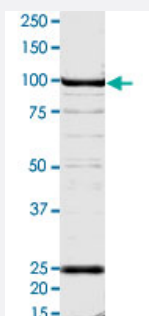


Bioactive

KDR (Human) Recombinant Protein

Catalog # P4793 Size 100 ug

Applications



Result of activity analysis

Result of activity analysis

Specification

Product Description	Human KDR (NM_002253, 807 a.a. - 1356 a.a.) partial Recombinant protein with GST tag expressed in Sf9 cells.
Host	insect
Theoretical MW (kDa)	87.095
Form	Liquid
Preparation Method	Insect cell (Sf9) expression system
Purification	GST-Affinity Chromatography
Concentration	0.072 ug/uL

Activity	218 pmol/ug x min
Quality Control Testing	2 ug/lane SDS-PAGE Stained with Coomassie Blue
Storage Buffer	In 50 mM Hepes, 100 mM NaCl, pH 7.5 (5 mM DTT, 4 mM reduced glutathione, 20% glycerol)
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing
Note	Result of activity analysis Result of activity analysis

Applications

- Functional Study
- SDS-PAGE

Gene Info — KDR

Entrez GeneID	3791
Protein Accession#	NM_002253
Gene Name	KDR
Gene Alias	CD309, FLK1, VEGFR, VEGFR2
Gene Description	kinase insert domain receptor (a type III receptor tyrosine kinase)
Omim ID	191306 602089
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	Vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) is a major growth factor for endothelial cells. This gene encodes one of the two receptors of the VEGF. This receptor, known as kinase insert domain receptor, is a type III receptor tyrosine kinase. It functions as the main mediator of VEGF-induced endothelial proliferation, survival, migration, tubular morphogenesis and sprouting. The signalling and trafficking of this receptor are regulated by multiple factors, including Rab GTPase, P2Y purine nucleotide receptor, integrin alphaVbeta3, T-cell protein tyrosine phosphatase, etc.. Mutations of this gene are implicated in infantile capillary hemangiomas. [provided by RefSeq]
Other Designations	soluble VEGFR2 vascular endothelial growth factor receptor 2

Pathway

- [Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction](#)
- [Endocytosis](#)
- [Focal adhesion](#)
- [VEGF signaling pathway](#)

Disease

- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Alzheimer disease](#)
- [Angina Pectoris](#)
- [Anoxia](#)
- [Asthma](#)
- [Brain Neoplasms](#)
- [Breast cancer](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Cerebral Hemorrhage](#)
- [Colorectal Neoplasms](#)
- [Coronary Disease](#)
- [Diabetes Complications](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Drug Toxicity](#)
- [Edema](#)

- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Femur Head Necrosis](#)
- [Foot Dermatoses](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Gilbert Disease](#)
- [Glioma](#)
- [Hot Flashes](#)
- [Hyperbilirubinemia](#)
- [Hypercholesterolemia](#)
- [Hypersensitivity](#)
- [Hypertension](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Kidney Neoplasms](#)
- [Leukemia](#)
- [Liver Neoplasms](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Lymphatic Metastasis](#)
- [Lymphedema](#)
- [Macular Degeneration](#)
- [Metabolic Syndrome X](#)
- [Mucocutaneous Lymph Node Syndrome](#)
- [Myocardial Infarction](#)
- [Neoplasm Invasiveness](#)
- [Neoplasm Recurrence](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Neovascularization](#)

- [Osteonecrosis](#)
- [Osteoporosis](#)
- [Psychomotor Performance](#)
- [Recurrence](#)
- [Sarcoidosis](#)
- [Scleroderma](#)
- [Stroke](#)
- [Uterine Cervical Neoplasms](#)