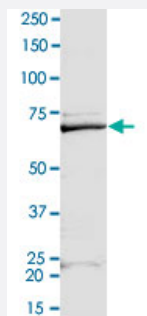


Bioactive

ACVR1 (Human) Recombinant Protein

Catalog # P4646 Size 100 ug

Applications



Result of activity analysis

Result of activity analysis

□

Specification

Product Description	Human ACVR1 (NM_001105, 145 a.a. - 509 a.a.) partial recombinant protein with GST-His tag expressed in Sf9 cells.
Host	insect
Theoretical MW (kDa)	71.53400000000001
Form	Liquid
Preparation Method	Insect cell (Sf9) expression system
Purification	One-step affinity purification using GSH-agarose
Concentration	0.391 ug/uL

Activity	92 pmol/ug x min
Quality Control Testing	2 ug/lane SDS-PAGE Stained with Coomassie Blue
Storage Buffer	In 50 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM NaCl, pH 8.0. (5 mM DTT, 4 mM reduced glutathione, 20% glycerol)
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing
Note	Result of activity analysis Result of activity analysis

Applications

- Functional Study
- SDS-PAGE

Gene Info — ACVR1

Entrez GeneID	90
Protein Accession#	NM_001105
Gene Name	ACVR1
Gene Alias	ACTRI, ACVR1A, ACVRLK2, ALK2, FOP, SKR1, TSRI
Gene Description	activin A receptor, type I
Omim ID	102576 135100
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	Activins are dimeric growth and differentiation factors which belong to the transforming growth factor-beta (TGF-beta) superfamily of structurally related signaling proteins. Activins signal through a heteromeric complex of receptor serine kinases which include at least two type I (I and IB) and two type II (II and IIB) receptors. These receptors are all transmembrane proteins, composed of a ligand-binding extracellular domain with cysteine-rich region, a transmembrane domain, and a cytoplasmic domain with predicted serine/threonine specificity. Type I receptors are essential for signaling; and type II receptors are required for binding ligands and for expression of type I receptors. Type I and II receptors form a stable complex after ligand binding, resulting in phosphorylation of type I receptors by type II receptors. This gene encodes activin A type I receptor which signals a particular transcriptional response in concert with activin type II receptors. Mutations in this gene are associated with fibrodysplasia ossificans progressive. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations

TGF-B superfamily receptor type II|activin A receptor, type II-like kinase 2|activin A type I receptor|hydroxyalkyl-protein kinase|serine/threonine-protein kinase receptor R1

Pathway

- [Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction](#)
- [TGF-beta signaling pathway](#)

Disease

- [Abortion](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Infertility](#)
- [Intracranial Aneurysm](#)
- [Narcolepsy](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Obesity](#)
- [Ovarian cancer](#)
- [Ovarian Failure](#)
- [Ovarian Neoplasms](#)
- [Polycystic Ovary Syndrome](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Prostatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Puberty](#)
- [Stroke](#)
- [Thrombophilia](#)
- [Tobacco Use Disorder](#)