

SLC17A7 monoclonal antibody, clone McKA1

Catalog # MAB5686 Size 100 ug

Specification	
Product Description	Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of SLC17A7.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide corresponding to human SLC17A7.
Sequence	CGATHSTFQPPRPPPPVRDY
Host	Mouse
Reactivity	Human, Rat
Specificity	This antibody reveals the presence of the 58 KDa VGlut 1 protein on western blot of extract of homog enized cerebral cortex cells. It shows very neat reaction with VGlut1 epitope of human midfrontal gyrus brain tissue in immunohistochemical labelings.
Form	Lyophilized
Isotype	lgG2a
Recommend Usage	Immunocytochemistry (1:5000) Immunohistochemistry (1:5000) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	Lyophilized from PBS
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C or -20°C on dry atmosphere. After reconstitution with water and glycerol (1:1), store at -20°C or -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

- Western Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunocytochemistry



Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay

Gene Info — SLC17A7	
Entrez GenelD	<u>57030</u>
Protein Accession#	Q9P2U7
Gene Name	SLC17A7
Gene Alias	BNPI, VGLUT1
Gene Description	solute carrier family 17 (sodium-dependent inorganic phosphate cotransporter), member 7
Omim ID	605208
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is a vesicle-bound, sodium-dependent phosphate transporter th at is specifically expressed in the neuron-rich regions of the brain. It is preferentially associated wi th the membranes of synaptic vesicles and functions in glutamate transport. The protein shares 82 % identity with the differentiation-associated Na-dependent inorganic phosphate cotransporter and they appear to form a distinct class within the Na+/Pi cotransporter family. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	brain-specific Na-dependent inorganic phosphate cotransporter solute carrier family 17, member 7 vesicular glutamate transporter 1

Publication Reference

• The amyloid pathology progresses in a neurotransmitter-specific manner.

Bell KF, Ducatenzeiler A, Ribeiro-da-Silva A, Duff K, Bennett DA, Cuello AC.

Neurobiology of Aging 2006 Nov; 27(11):1644.

Application: IHC, WB-Ti, Human, Rat, Brain

Disease

- Cognition
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Mental Disorders



- Schizophrenia
- Schizophrenic Psychology
- Weight Gain