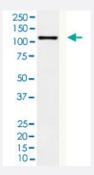


CDH17 monoclonal antibody, clone AFFC-3

Catalog # MAB22278 Size 100 uL

Applications



Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western blot analysis of HT-29 cell lysate.

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of human CDH17.
lmmunogen	A synthetic peptide corresponding to human CDH17.
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Specificity	The antibody reacts with human CDH17, in native form and recombinant. Superfamily members of C DH17 are not reactive to this antibody.
Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purification
Isotype	lgG
Recommend Usage	Immunohistochemistry (1:50-1:200) Immunoprecipitation (1:50) Western Blot (1:500-1:2000) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4 (50% glycerol, 0.02% sodium azide).



Product Information

Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C for short term storage. For long term storage store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul d be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

- Western Blot (Cell lysate)
 Western blot analysis of HT-29 cell lysate.
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunoprecipitation

Gene Info — CDH17	
Entrez GenelD	1015
Protein Accession#	Q12864
Gene Name	CDH17
Gene Alias	CDH16, FLJ26931, HPT-1, HPT1, MGC138218, MGC142024
Gene Description	cadherin 17, LI cadherin (liver-intestine)
Omim ID	603017
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	This gene is a member of the cadherin superfamily, genes encoding calcium-dependent, membra ne-associated glycoproteins. The encoded protein is cadherin-like, consisting of an extracellular r egion, containing 7 cadherin domains, and a transmembrane region but lacking the conserved cyt oplasmic domain. The protein is a component of the gastrointestinal tract and pancreatic ducts, a cting as an intestinal proton-dependent peptide transporter in the first step in oral absorption of m any medically important peptide-based drugs. The protein may also play a role in the morphologic al organization of liver and intestine. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	HPT-1 cadherin LI cadherin cadherin 17 cadherin-16 human intestinal peptide-associated transporter HPT-1 human peptide transporter 1 liver-intestine cadherin



Disease

Depressive Disorder