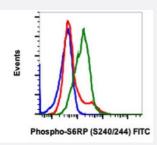


# RPS6 (phospho S240/S244) monoclonal antibody, clone CD10 (FITC)

Size 100 Reactions Catalog # MAB21641

## Applications



#### **Flow Cytometry**

Flow cytometric analysis of K562 cells with RPS6 (phospho S240/S244) monoclonal antibody, clone CD10 (FITC) (Cat # MAB21641). Untreated and unstained as negative control (blue) or untreated (red) or treated with EGF A (green).

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against synthetic phosphopeptide of human RPS6.
Immunogen	A synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to residues surrounding S240/S244 of human RPS6.
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Conjugation	FITC
Purification	Protein A/G purification
lsotype	lgG1, kappa
Recommend Usage	Flow Cytometry (5 uL/10 <sup>6</sup> cells) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS, pH 7.4 (0.2% BSA, 0.09% sodium azide).



#### **Product Information**

**Storage Instruction** 

Store at 4°C.

Note

This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul d be handled by trained staff only.

#### Applications

Flow Cytometry

Flow cytometric analysis of K562 cells with RPS6 (phospho S240/S244) monoclonal antibody, clone CD10 (FITC) (Cat # MAB21641). Untreated and unstained as negative control (blue) or untreated (red) or treated with EGF A (green).

Gene Info — RPS6	
Entrez GenelD	<u>6194</u>
Protein Accession#	<u>P62753</u>
Gene Name	RPS6
Gene Alias	-
Gene Description	ribosomal protein S6
Omim ID	<u>180460</u>
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	Ribosomes, the organelles that catalyze protein synthesis, consist of a small 40S subunit and a la rge 60S subunit. Together these subunits are composed of 4 RNA species and approximately 80 structurally distinct proteins. This gene encodes a cytoplasmic ribosomal protein that is a compon ent of the 40S subunit. The protein belongs to the S6E family of ribosomal proteins. It is the major substrate of protein kinases in the ribosome, with subsets of five C-terminal serine residues phos phorylated by different protein kinases. Phosphorylation is induced by a wide range of stimuli, including growth factors, tumor-promoting agents, and mitogens. Dephosphorylation occurs at growth arrest. The protein may contribute to the control of cell growth and proliferation through the selective e translation of particular classes of mRNA. As is typical for genes encoding ribosomal proteins, t here are multiple processed pseudogenes of this gene dispersed through the genome. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	40S ribosomal protein S6 OTTHUMP00000021120 phosphoprotein NP33

### Pathway

• Insulin signaling pathway

🖗 Abnova

**Product Information** 

- mTOR signaling pathway
- <u>Ribosome</u>