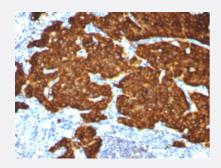
# CHGA monoclonal antibody, clone CGA/413 + CHGA/777 + CHGA/798

Catalog # MAB20882 Size 100 ug

## Applications



#### Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections)

Immunohistochemical staining (Formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) of human pheochromocytoma with CHGA monoclonal antibody, clone CGA/413 + CHGA/777 + CHGA/798 (Cat # MAB20882).

Specification	
Product Description	Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against human CHGA.
Immunogen	Recombinant protein corresponding to human CHGA.
Host	Mouse
Theoretical MW (kDa)	68-75
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Purification	Protein A/G purification
lsotype	lgG1, kappa
Recommend Usage	Flow Cytometry (0.5-1 ug/10 <sup>6</sup> cells in 0.1 mL) Immunofluorescence (0.5-1 ug/mL) Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) (0.25-0.5 ug/mL) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.

# 😵 Abnova

### **Product Information**

**Storage Buffer** 

In 10 mM PBS.

**Storage Instruction** 

Store at -20 to -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

#### Applications

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Immunohistochemical staining (Formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) of human pheochromocytoma with CHGA monoclonal antibody, clone CGA/413 + CHGA/777 + CHGA/798 (Cat # MAB20882).

- Immunofluorescence
- Flow Cytometry

#### Gene Info — CHGA

Entrez GenelD	<u>1113</u>
Protein Accession#	<u>P10645</u>
Gene Name	CHGA
Gene Alias	CGA
Gene Description	chromogranin A (parathyroid secretory protein 1)
Omim ID	<u>118910</u>
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the chromogranin/secretogranin family of neuro
	endocrine secretory proteins. It is found in secretory vesicles of neurons and endocrine cells. This gene product is a precursor to three biologically active peptides; vasostatin, pancreastatin, and p arastatin. These peptides act as autocrine or paracrine negative modulators of the neuroendocrin e system. Other peptides, including chromostatin, beta-granin, WE-14 and GE-25, are also derive d from the full-length protein. However, biological activities for these molecules have not been sho wn. [provided by RefSeq



#### Disease

- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Glomerulonephritis
- <u>Hypertension</u>
- Kidney Failure
- Prostatic Neoplasms
- Schizophrenia