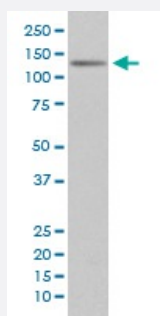


PGR monoclonal antibody, clone EFC-16

Catalog # MAB20629 Size 100 uL

Applications



Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western Blot analysis of T-47D cell lysate using PGR monoclonal antibody, clone EFC-16.

Specification

Product Description Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of human PGR.

Immunogen A synthetic peptide corresponding to human PGR.

Host Rabbit

Reactivity Human

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purification

Isotype IgG

Recommend Usage

- Immunocytochemistry (1:50-1:200)
- Immunofluorescence (1:50-1:200)
- Immunohistochemistry (1:50-1:200)
- Immunoprecipitation (1:50)
- Western Blot (1:1000-1:2000)
- The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.

Storage Buffer In PBS, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4 (50% glycerol, 0.02% sodium azide).

Storage Instruction

Store at -20°C for one year. After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Note

This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

- Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western Blot analysis of T-47D cell lysate using PGR monoclonal antibody, clone EFC-16.

- Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

- Immunocytochemistry

- Immunofluorescence

- Immunoprecipitation

Gene Info — PGR

Entrez GeneID[5241](#)**Protein Accession#**[P06401](#)**Gene Name**

PGR

Gene Alias

NR3C3, PR

Gene Description

progesterone receptor

Omim ID[607311](#)**Gene Ontology**[Hyperlink](#)**Gene Summary**

This gene encodes a member of the steroid receptor superfamily. The encoded protein mediates the physiological effects of progesterone, which plays a central role in reproductive events associated with the establishment and maintenance of pregnancy. This gene uses two distinct promoters and translation start sites in the first exon to produce two isoforms, A and B. The two isoforms are identical except for the additional 165 amino acids found in the N-terminus of isoform A only, and mediate their own response genes and physiologic effects with little overlap. The location of transcription initiation for isoform B has not been clearly determined. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations

-

Disease

- [Abortion](#)
- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Adhesions](#)
- [Aortic Aneurysm](#)
- [Arthritis](#)
- [Breast cancer](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Colorectal Neoplasms](#)
- [Connective Tissue Diseases](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Ductus Arteriosus](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Endometrial Neoplasms](#)
- [Endometriosis](#)
- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Fetal Diseases](#)
- [Gender Identity](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Hyperprolactinemia](#)
- [Hypertension](#)
- [Infant](#)
- [Infection](#)

- [Infertility](#)
- [Inflammation](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Leiomyoma](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Lymphatic Metastasis](#)
- [Lymphoma](#)
- [Migraine Disorders](#)
- [Musculoskeletal Diseases](#)
- [Neoplasm Invasiveness](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Obesity](#)
- [Osteoporosis](#)
- [Ovarian cancer](#)
- [Ovarian Cysts](#)
- [Ovarian Failure](#)
- [Ovarian Neoplasms](#)
- [Panic Disorder](#)
- [Peritoneal Diseases](#)
- [Polycystic Ovary Syndrome](#)
- [Pregnancy Complications](#)
- [Premature Birth](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Prostatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Proteinuria](#)
- [Psychiatric Status Rating Scales](#)

- [Puberty](#)
- [Pulmonary Disease](#)
- [Skin Diseases](#)
- [Stomach Neoplasms](#)
- [Thrombophilia](#)
- [Tobacco Use Disorder](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)
- [Uterine Diseases](#)
- [Uterine Neoplasms](#)
- [Vertigo](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)