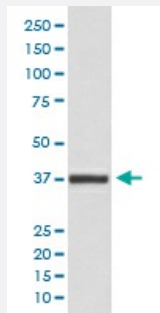


CDK6 monoclonal antibody, clone HOA-3

Catalog # MAB19881 Size 100 uL

Applications



Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western blot analysis of HeLa cell lysate with CDK6 monoclonal antibody.

Specification

Product Description Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of human CDK6.

Immunogen A synthetic peptide corresponding to human CDK6.

Host Rabbit

Reactivity Human

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purification

Isotype IgG

Recommend Usage

- Flow Cytometry (1:100)
- Immunocytochemistry (1:50-1:200)
- Immunofluorescence (1:50-1:200)
- Immunohistochemistry (1:50-1:200)
- Western Blot (1:5000-1:20000)
- The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.

Storage Buffer In PBS, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.

Storage Instruction

Store at -20°C for one year. After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Note

This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

- Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western blot analysis of HeLa cell lysate with CDK6 monoclonal antibody.

- Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

- Immunocytochemistry

- Immunofluorescence

- Flow Cytometry

Gene Info — CDK6

Entrez GeneID[1021](#)**Protein Accession#**[Q00534](#)**Gene Name**

CDK6

Gene Alias

MGC59692, PLSTIRE, STQTL11

Gene Description

cyclin-dependent kinase 6

Omim ID[603368](#)**Gene Ontology**[Hyperlink](#)**Gene Summary**

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the cyclin-dependent protein kinase (CDK) family. CDK family members are highly similar to the gene products of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* cdc28, and *Schizosaccharomyces pombe* cdc2, and are known to be important regulators of cell cycle progression. This kinase is a catalytic subunit of the protein kinase complex that is important for cell cycle G1 phase progression and G1/S transition. The activity of this kinase first appears in mid-G1 phase, which is controlled by the regulatory subunits including D-type cyclins and members of INK4 family of CDK inhibitors. This kinase, as well as CDK4, has been shown to phosphorylate, and thus regulate the activity of, tumor suppressor protein Rb. [provided by RefSeq]

Pathway

- [Cell cycle](#)
- [Chronic myeloid leukemia](#)
- [Glioma](#)
- [Melanoma](#)
- [Non-small cell lung cancer](#)
- [p53 signaling pathway](#)
- [Pancreatic cancer](#)
- [Pathways in cancer](#)
- [Small cell lung cancer](#)

Disease

- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Arthritis](#)
- [Autoimmune Diseases](#)
- [Breast cancer](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Crohn Disease](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Edema](#)

- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Growth Disorders](#)
- [Head and Neck Neoplasms](#)
- [Inflammation](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Mouth Neoplasms](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Ovarian cancer](#)
- [Ovarian Neoplasms](#)
- [Precancerous Conditions](#)
- [Recurrence](#)
- [Thyroid Neoplasms](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)
- [Wegener Granulomatosis](#)