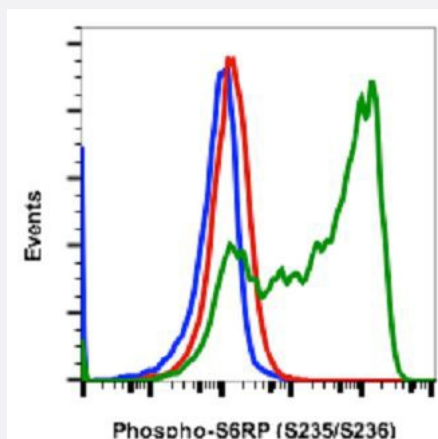


# RPS6 (phospho S235/S236) monoclonal antibody, clone R3A2

Catalog # MAB19052      Size 20 uL

## Applications



### Flow Cytometry

Flow cytometric analysis of U937 cells secondary antibody only negative control (blue) or treated with U0126 plus SB20350 (red) or treated with TPA plus calyculin A (green) using RPS6 (phospho S235/S236) monoclonal antibody.

## Specification

<b>Product Description</b>	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against synthetic phosphopeptide of human RPS6.
<b>Immunogen</b>	A synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to residues surrounding S235/S236 of human RPS6.
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Purification</b>	Protein A/G Purification
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG1k
<b>Recommend Usage</b>	Flow Cytometry (1 ug/mL - 0.001 ug/mL) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
<b>Storage Buffer</b>	In PBS, pH 7.4 (50% glycerol, 0.02% sodium azide, 0.1% BSA).
<b>Storage Instruction</b>	Store at -20°C.

**Note**

This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

## Applications

- Flow Cytometry

Flow cytometric analysis of U937 cells secondary antibody only negative control (blue) or treated with U0126 plus SB20350 (red) or treated with TPA plus calyculin A (green) using RPS6 (phospho S235/S236) monoclonal antibody.

## Gene Info — RPS6

Entrez GeneID [6194](#)

Gene Name RPS6

Gene Alias -

Gene Description ribosomal protein S6

Omim ID [180460](#)

Gene Ontology [Hyperlink](#)

**Gene Summary**

Ribosomes, the organelles that catalyze protein synthesis, consist of a small 40S subunit and a large 60S subunit. Together these subunits are composed of 4 RNA species and approximately 80 structurally distinct proteins. This gene encodes a cytoplasmic ribosomal protein that is a component of the 40S subunit. The protein belongs to the S6E family of ribosomal proteins. It is the major substrate of protein kinases in the ribosome, with subsets of five C-terminal serine residues phosphorylated by different protein kinases. Phosphorylation is induced by a wide range of stimuli, including growth factors, tumor-promoting agents, and mitogens. Dephosphorylation occurs at growth arrest. The protein may contribute to the control of cell growth and proliferation through the selective translation of particular classes of mRNA. As is typical for genes encoding ribosomal proteins, there are multiple processed pseudogenes of this gene dispersed through the genome. [provided by RefSeq]

**Other Designations** 40S ribosomal protein S6|OTTHUMP00000021120|phosphoprotein NP33

## Pathway

- [Insulin signaling pathway](#)
- [mTOR signaling pathway](#)
- [Ribosome](#)