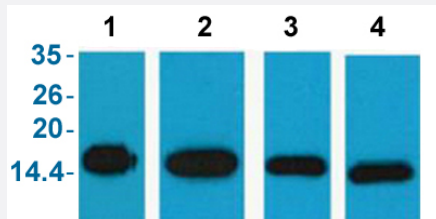


Histone H3 monoclonal antibody, clone 1G1

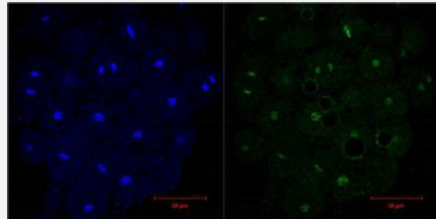
Catalog # MAB15247 Size 100 uL

Applications



Western Blot

Western Blot analysis of Lane 1: HeLa cell, Lane 2: Raw 264.7 cell, Lane 3: mouse brain tissue and Lane 4: rat brain tissue.



Immunofluorescence

Immunofluorescence staining of HeLa cell line.

Specification

Product Description	Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against full length recombinant human histone H3.
Immunogen	Recombinant protein corresponding to full length human histone H3.
Host	Mouse
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purification
Isotype	IgG1

Recommend Usage	Immunofluorescence (1:100-1:500) Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) (1:50-1:300) Immunoprecipitation (1:200) Western Blot (1:2000-1:5000) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS (50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA, 0.02% sodium azide).
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

- Western Blot

Western Blot analysis of Lane 1: HeLa cell, Lane 2: Raw 264.7 cell, Lane 3: mouse brain tissue and Lane 4: rat brain tissue.

- Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

- Immunofluorescence

Immunofluorescence staining of HeLa cell line.

- Immunoprecipitation

Gene Info — HIST1H3A

Entrez GeneID	8350
Protein Accession#	P68431
Gene Name	HIST1H3A
Gene Alias	H3/A, H3FA
Gene Description	histone cluster 1, H3a
Omim ID	602810
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink

Gene Summary

Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. This structure consists of approximately 146 bp of DNA wrapped around a nucleosome, an octamer composed of pairs of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4). The chromatin fiber is further compacted through the interaction of a linker histone, H1, with the DNA between the nucleosomes to form higher order chromatin structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a member of the histone H3 family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails; instead, they contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in the large histone gene cluster on chromosome 6p22-p21.3. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations

H3 histone family, member A|histone 1, H3a

Gene Info — HIST1H3D**Entrez GeneID**

[8351](#)

Protein Accession#

[P68431](#)

Gene Name

HIST1H3D

Gene Alias

H3/b, H3FB

Gene Description

histone cluster 1, H3d

Omim ID

[602811](#)

Gene Ontology

[Hyperlink](#)

Gene Summary

Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Two molecules of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4) form an octamer, around which approximately 146 bp of DNA is wrapped in repeating units, called nucleosomes. The linker histone, H1, interacts with linker DNA between nucleosomes and functions in the compaction of chromatin into higher order structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a member of the histone H3 family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails but instead contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in the large histone gene cluster on chromosome 6. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations

H3 histone family, member B|OTTHUMP00000016149|histone 1, H3d

Gene Info — HIST1H3C**Entrez GeneID**

[8352](#)

Protein Accession#

[P68431](#)

Gene Name

HIST1H3C

Gene Alias

H3.1, H3/c, H3FC

Gene Description	histone cluster 1, H3c
Omim ID	602812
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Two molecules of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4) form an octamer, around which approximately 146 bp of DNA is wrapped in repeating units, called nucleosomes. The linker histone, H1, interacts with linker DNA between nucleosomes and functions in the compaction of chromatin into higher order structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a member of the histone H3 family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails but instead contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in the large histone gene cluster on chromosome 6. [provided by RefSeq]
Other Designations	H3 histone family, member C histone 1, H3c

Gene Info — HIST1H3E

Entrez GeneID	8353
Protein Accession#	P68431
Gene Name	HIST1H3E
Gene Alias	H3.1, H3/d, H3FD
Gene Description	histone cluster 1, H3e
Omim ID	602813
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Two molecules of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4) form an octamer, around which approximately 146 bp of DNA is wrapped in repeating units, called nucleosomes. The linker histone, H1, interacts with linker DNA between nucleosomes and functions in the compaction of chromatin into higher order structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a member of the histone H3 family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails but instead contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in the large histone gene cluster on chromosome 6. [provided by RefSeq]
Other Designations	H3 histone family, member D histone 1, H3e

Gene Info — HIST1H3I

Entrez GeneID	8354
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Protein Accession#	P68431
Gene Name	HIST1H3I
Gene Alias	H3.f, H3/f, H3FF
Gene Description	histone cluster 1, H3i
Omim ID	602814
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	<p>Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Two molecules of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4) form an octamer, around which approximately 146 bp of DNA is wrapped in repeating units, called nucleosomes. The linker histone, H1, interacts with linker DNA between nucleosomes and functions in the compaction of chromatin into higher order structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a member of the histone H3 family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails but instead contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in the small histone gene cluster on chromosome 6p22-p21.3. [provided by RefSeq]</p>
Other Designations	H3 histone family, member F OTTHUMP00000017803 histone 1, H3i

Gene Info — HIST1H3G

Entrez GeneID	8355
Protein Accession#	P68431
Gene Name	HIST1H3G
Gene Alias	H3/h, H3FH
Gene Description	histone cluster 1, H3g
Omim ID	602815
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	<p>Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Two molecules of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4) form an octamer, around which approximately 146 bp of DNA is wrapped in repeating units, called nucleosomes. The linker histone, H1, interacts with linker DNA between nucleosomes and functions in the compaction of chromatin into higher order structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a member of the histone H3 family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails but instead contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in the large histone gene cluster on chromosome 6. [provided by RefSeq]</p>
Other Designations	H3 histone family, member H OTTHUMP00000016152 histone 1, H3g

Gene Info — HIST1H3J

Entrez GeneID [8356](#)**Protein Accession#** [P68431](#)**Gene Name** HIST1H3J**Gene Alias** H3/j, H3FJ**Gene Description** histone cluster 1, H3j**Omim ID** [602817](#)**Gene Ontology** [Hyperlink](#)

Gene Summary

Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Two molecules of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4) form an octamer, around which approximately 146 bp of DNA is wrapped in repeating units, called nucleosomes. The linker histone, H1, interacts with linker DNA between nucleosomes and functions in the compaction of chromatin into higher order structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a member of the histone H3 family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails but instead contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in the small histone gene cluster on chromosome 6p22-p21.3. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations H3 histone family, member JOTTHUMP00000017804|histone 1, H3j

Gene Info — HIST1H3H

Entrez GeneID [8357](#)**Protein Accession#** [P68431](#)**Gene Name** HIST1H3H**Gene Alias** FLJ92264, H3/k, H3F1K, H3FK**Gene Description** histone cluster 1, H3h**Omim ID** [602818](#)**Gene Ontology** [Hyperlink](#)

Gene Summary

Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Two molecules of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4) form an octamer, around which approximately 146 bp of DNA is wrapped in repeating units, called nucleosomes. The linker histone, H1, interacts with linker DNA between nucleosomes and functions in the compaction of chromatin into higher order structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a member of the histone H3 family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails but instead contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in the small histone gene cluster on chromosome 6p22-p21.3. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations

H3 histone family, member K|histone 1, H3h

Gene Info — HIST1H3B

Entrez GeneID

[8358](#)

Protein Accession#

[P68431](#)

Gene Name

HIST1H3B

Gene Alias

H3/I, H3FL

Gene Description

histone cluster 1, H3b

Omim ID

[602819](#)

Gene Ontology

[Hyperlink](#)

Gene Summary

Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. This structure consists of approximately 146 bp of DNA wrapped around a nucleosome, an octamer composed of pairs of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4). The chromatin fiber is further compacted through the interaction of a linker histone, H1, with the DNA between the nucleosomes to form higher order chromatin structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a member of the histone H3 family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails; instead, they contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in the large histone gene cluster on chromosome 6p22-p21.3. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations

H3 histone family, member L|OTTHUMP00000016132|histone 1, H3b

Gene Info — HIST1H3F

Entrez GeneID

[8968](#)

Protein Accession#

[P68431](#)

Gene Name

HIST1H3F

Gene Alias

H3/i, H3FI

Gene Description	histone cluster 1, H3f
Omim ID	602816
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	<p>Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. This structure consists of approximately 146 bp of DNA wrapped around a nucleosome, an octamer composed of pairs of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4). The chromatin fiber is further compacted through the interaction of a linker histone, H1, with the DNA between the nucleosomes to form higher order chromatin structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a member of the histone H3 family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails; instead, they contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in the large histone gene cluster on chromosome 6p22-p21.3. [provided by RefSeq]</p>
Other Designations	H3 histone family, member OTTHUMP00000016151 histone 1, H3f

Pathway

- [Systemic lupus erythematosus](#)
- [Systemic lupus erythematosus](#)
- [Systemic lupus erythematosus](#)
- [Systemic lupus erythematosus](#)
- [Systemic lupus erythematosus](#)
- [Systemic lupus erythematosus](#)
- [Systemic lupus erythematosus](#)
- [Systemic lupus erythematosus](#)
- [Systemic lupus erythematosus](#)

Disease

- [Abortion](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Tobacco Use Disorder](#)