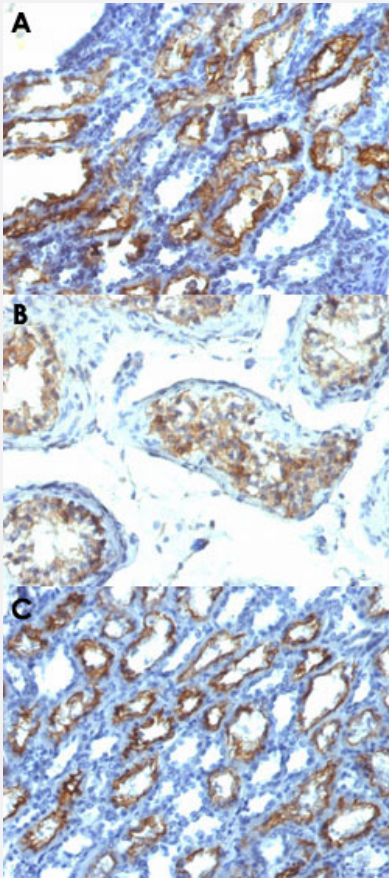


IFNG monoclonal antibody, clone IFNG/466

Catalog # MAB14562 Size 100 ug

Applications



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Immunohistochemical staining (Formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) of human renal cell carcinoma (A, C) and human testicular carcinoma (B) with IFNG monoclonal antibody, clone IFNG/466 (Cat # MAB14562).

Specification

Product Description	Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against full length recombinant human IFNG.
Immunogen	Recombinant protein corresponding to full length human IFNG.
Host	Mouse
Theoretical MW (kDa)	20-25

Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Purification	Protein A/G purification
Isotype	IgG2b, kappa
Recommend Usage	Flow Cytometry (0.5-1 ug/10 ⁶ cells) Immunofluorescence (0.5-1 ug/mL) Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) (1-2 ug/mL) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In 10 mM PBS (0.05% BSA, 0.05% sodium azide).
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

- Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Immunohistochemical staining (Formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) of human renal cell carcinoma (A, C) and human testicular carcinoma (B) with IFNG monoclonal antibody, clone IFNG/466 (Cat # MAB14562).

- Immunofluorescence

- Flow Cytometry

Gene Info — IFNG

Entrez GeneID	3458
Protein Accession#	P01579
Gene Name	IFNG
Gene Alias	IFG, IFI
Gene Description	interferon, gamma
Omim ID	147570 191100 607948 609135 609423
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink

Gene Summary

Interferon-gamma (IFNG), or type II interferon, is a cytokine critical for innate and adaptive immunity against viral and intracellular bacterial infections and for tumor control. Aberrant IFNG expression is associated with a number of autoinflammatory and autoimmune diseases. The importance of IFNG in the immune system stems in part from its ability to inhibit viral replication directly, but most importantly derives from its immunostimulatory and immunomodulatory effects. IFNG is produced predominantly by natural killer (NK) and natural killer T (NKT) cells as part of the innate immune response, and by CD4 (MIM 186940) and CD8 (see MIM 186910) cytotoxic T lymphocyte (CTL) effector T cells once antigen-specific immunity develops (Schoenborn and Wilson, 2007 [PubMed 17981204]).[supplied by OMIM]

Other Designations

-

Publication Reference

- [Forty years of interferon, forty years of cytokines.](#)

Vilcek J.

Cytokine & Growth Factor Reviews 1997 Dec; 8(4):239.

Application: ELISA, Human, Immune cells

- [The molecular cell biology of interferon-gamma and its receptor.](#)

Farrar MA, Schreiber RD.

Annual Review of Immunology. 1993 Apr; 11:571.

- [Induction of human interferon gamma with phorbol esters and phytohemagglutinin.](#)

J Vilcek, J M Le, Y K Yip.

Methods in Enzymology 1986 Jan; 119:48.

Application: ELISA, Neutralization, Human, Human T cell lymphoma lines, Hut 102-B2 cells

Pathway

- [Allograft rejection](#)
- [Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction](#)
- [Graft-versus-host disease](#)
- [Jak-STAT signaling pathway](#)
- [Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity](#)
- [Proteasome](#)

- [Regulation of autophagy](#)
- [Systemic lupus erythematosus](#)
- [T cell receptor signaling pathway](#)
- [TGF-beta signaling pathway](#)
- [Type I diabetes mellitus](#)

Disease

- [Abortion](#)
- [Abscess](#)
- [Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome](#)
- [Acute Disease](#)
- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Aggressive Periodontitis](#)
- [Alcoholism](#)
- [Alphavirus Infections](#)
- [Alveolitis](#)
- [Alzheimer disease](#)
- [Anemia](#)
- [Angina Pectoris](#)
- [Angiomyolipoma](#)
- [Arteriosclerosis](#)
- [Arthritis](#)
- [Asthma](#)
- [Atherosclerosis](#)
- [Autoimmune Diseases](#)
- [Bacterial Infections](#)

- [Behcet Syndrome](#)
- [Biliary Atresia](#)
- [Bipolar Disorder](#)
- [Bone Marrow Diseases](#)
- [Boutonneuse Fever](#)
- [Brain Ischemia](#)
- [Breast cancer](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Bronchial Hyperreactivity](#)
- [Bronchiectasis](#)
- [Bronchiolitis](#)
- [Bronchiolitis Obliterans](#)
- [Bronchopulmonary Dysplasia](#)
- [Brucellosis](#)
- [Cachexia](#)
- [Calcinosis](#)
- [Campylobacter Infections](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Carotid Artery Diseases](#)
- [Carotid Stenosis](#)
- [Celiac Disease](#)
- [Cervical Intraepithelial Neoplasia](#)
- [Chagas Cardiomyopathy](#)
- [Chagas Disease](#)
- [Chlamydia Infections](#)

- [Chronic Disease](#)
- [Clonorchiasis](#)
- [Colitis](#)
- [Colorectal Neoplasms](#)
- [Common Cold](#)
- [Common Variable Immunodeficiency](#)
- [Communicable Diseases](#)
- [Condylomata Acuminata](#)
- [Connective Tissue Diseases](#)
- [Coronary Artery Disease](#)
- [Coronary Disease](#)
- [Coronary Restenosis](#)
- [Coronary Stenosis](#)
- [Critical Illness](#)
- [Crohn Disease](#)
- [Cytomegalovirus Infections](#)
- [Depressive Disorder](#)
- [Dermatitis](#)
- [Dermatomyositis](#)
- [Diabetes](#)
- [Diabetes Complications](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Diabetic Neuropathies](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Disease Susceptibility](#)
- [Down Syndrome](#)

- [Drug Hypersensitivity](#)
- [Ductus Arteriosus](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Embryo Loss](#)
- [Endometriosis](#)
- [Endotoxemia](#)
- [Enterobacteriaceae Infections](#)
- [Enterocolitis](#)
- [Epstein-Barr Virus Infections](#)
- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Esophagitis](#)
- [Fatigue Syndrome](#)
- [Fetal Diseases](#)
- [Fetal Membranes](#)
- [Fibrosis](#)
- [Fractures](#)
- [Gastritis](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Gingival Hemorrhage](#)
- [Glomerulonephritis](#)
- [Glucosephosphate Dehydrogenase Deficiency](#)
- [Graft vs Host Disease](#)
- [Graves Disease](#)
- [Graves Ophthalmopathy](#)
- [Hashimoto Disease](#)
- [Heart Diseases](#)

- [Helicobacter Infections](#)
- [Hematologic Diseases](#)
- [Hematologic Neoplasms](#)
- [Hepatitis B](#)
- [Hepatitis C](#)
- [Hepatitis E](#)
- [Histiocytosis](#)
- [HIV Infections](#)
- [Hodgkin Disease](#)
- [Hyperglycemia](#)
- [Hyperlipidemias](#)
- [Hypersensitivity](#)
- [Hypertension](#)
- [Hyperuricemia](#)
- [Hypotension](#)
- [Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis](#)
- [Immunologic Deficiency Syndromes](#)
- [Infant](#)
- [Infection](#)
- [Infectious Mononucleosis](#)
- [Infertility](#)
- [Inflammation](#)
- [Inflammatory Bowel Diseases](#)
- [Intervertebral Disk Displacement](#)
- [Irritable Bowel Syndrome](#)
- [Kidney Diseases](#)

- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Kidney Neoplasms](#)
- [Leishmaniasis](#)
- [Leprosy](#)
- [Leptospirosis](#)
- [Leukemia](#)
- [Lichen Planus](#)
- [Liver Cirrhosis](#)
- [Liver Neoplasms](#)
- [Lung Diseases](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Lupus Erythematosus](#)
- [Lymphadenitis](#)
- [Lymphatic Metastasis](#)
- [Lymphocytosis](#)
- [Lymphoma](#)
- [Lymphoproliferative Disorders](#)
- [Malaria](#)
- [Malignant melanoma](#)
- [Melanoma](#)
- [Mental Disorders](#)
- [Metaplasia](#)
- [Mood Disorders](#)
- [Multiple Organ Failure](#)
- [Multiple Sclerosis](#)
- [Multiple Trauma](#)

- [Musculoskeletal Diseases](#)
- [Myasthenia Gravis](#)
- [Myocardial Infarction](#)
- [Myositis](#)
- [Nasopharyngeal Neoplasms](#)
- [Neoplasm Invasiveness](#)
- [Neoplasm Metastasis](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Neovascularization](#)
- [Neuropsychological Tests](#)
- [Obstetric Labor](#)
- [Osteolysis](#)
- [Osteomyelitis](#)
- [Osteoporotic Fractures](#)
- [Otitis Media](#)
- [Pain](#)
- [Pancreatic cancer](#)
- [Pancreatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Pancreatitis](#)
- [Papillomavirus Infections](#)
- [Paracoccidioidomycosis](#)
- [Paratyphoid Fever](#)
- [Parkinson disease](#)
- [Parvoviridae Infections](#)
- [Pemphigoid](#)

- [Pemphigus](#)
- [Periodontal Pocket](#)
- [Periodontitis](#)
- [Picornaviridae Infections](#)
- [Pneumonia](#)
- [Polymyalgia Rheumatica](#)
- [Polymyositis](#)
- [Postoperative Complications](#)
- [Precancerous Conditions](#)
- [Pre-Eclampsia](#)
- [Pregnancy Complications](#)
- [Premature Birth](#)
- [Prosthesis Failure](#)
- [Psoriasis](#)
- [Pulmonary Disease](#)
- [Pulmonary Emphysema](#)
- [Pulmonary Fibrosis](#)
- [Purpura](#)
- [Q Fever](#)
- [Radiation Injuries](#)
- [Radiation Pneumonitis](#)
- [Recurrence](#)
- [Reperfusion Injury](#)
- [Respiratory Distress Syndrome](#)
- [Respiratory Sounds](#)
- [Respiratory Syncytial Virus Infections](#)

- [Respiratory Tract Infections](#)
- [Retinal Detachment](#)
- [Retinal Diseases](#)
- [Rhinitis](#)
- [Rupture](#)
- [Salmonella Infections](#)
- [Sarcoidosis](#)
- [Schistosomiasis mansoni](#)
- [Sciatica](#)
- [Scleroderma](#)
- [Sepsis](#)
- [Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome](#)
- [Severe combined immunodeficiency](#)
- [Shock](#)
- [Skin Diseases](#)
- [Skin Neoplasms](#)
- [Skin Ulcer](#)
- [Small Cell Lung Carcinoma](#)
- [Staphylococcal Infections](#)
- [Stomach Neoplasms](#)
- [Subacute Sclerosing Panencephalitis](#)
- [Substance Withdrawal Syndrome](#)
- [Sudden Infant Death](#)
- [Syndrome](#)
- [Temporal Arteritis](#)
- [Thoracic Neoplasms](#)

- [Tobacco Use Disorder](#)
- [Trypanosomiasis](#)
- [Tuberculosis](#)
- [Tuberous sclerosis](#)
- [Typhoid Fever](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)
- [Uterine Cervical Neoplasms](#)
- [Uveitis](#)
- [Uveomeningoencephalitic Syndrome](#)
- [Vascular Diseases](#)
- [Viremia](#)
- [Vitiligo](#)
- [Vitreoretinopathy](#)
- [Wegener Granulomatosis](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)
- [Wounds and Injuries](#)