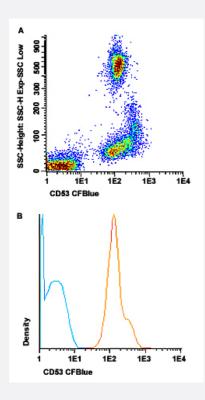


CD53 monoclonal antibody, clone HI29 (CF-Blue)

Catalog # MAB13711 Size 100 Reactions

Applications



Flow Cytometry

Flow cytometric analysis of human peripheral blood cells with CD53 monoclonal antibody, clone HI29 (CF-Blue) (Cat # MAB13711).

Specification	
Product Description	Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against human CD53.
Immunogen	Leucocytes of patient suffering from a LGL-type leukaemia.
Host	Mouse
Theoretical MW (kDa)	32-40
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid



Product Information

Conjugation	CF-Blue
Purification	Protein A/G purification
Purity	>90%
Isotype	lgG1
Recommend Usage	Flow Cytometry (5 uL/10 ⁶ cells) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS, pH 7.4 (protein stabilizer, 0.09% sodium azide).
Storage Instruction	Store in the dark at 4°C.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul d be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

Flow Cytometry

Flow cytometric analysis of human peripheral blood cells with CD53 monoclonal antibody, clone Hl29 (CF-Blue) (Cat # MAB13711).

Gene Info — CD53	
Entrez GeneID	<u>963</u>
Protein Accession#	<u>P19397</u>
Gene Name	CD53
Gene Alias	MOX44, TSPAN25
Gene Description	CD53 molecule
Omim ID	<u>151525</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>



Product Information

Gene Summary

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the transmembrane 4 superfamily, also known a s the tetraspanin family. Most of these members are cell-surface proteins that are characterized by the presence of four hydrophobic domains. The proteins mediate signal transduction events that play a role in the regulation of cell development, activation, growth and motility. This encoded protein is a cell surface glycoprotein that is known to complex with integrins. It contributes to the transduction of CD2-generated signals in T cells and natural killer cells and has been suggested to play a role in growth regulation. Familial deficiency of this gene has been linked to an immunodeficien cy associated with recurrent infectious diseases caused by bacteria, fungi and viruses. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding the same protein. [provided by RefSeq

Other Designations

CD53 antigen|CD53 glycoprotein|CD53 tetraspan antigen|OTTHUMP00000013686|OTTHUMP0 0000059505|antigen MOX44 identified by monoclonal antibody MRC-OX44|cell surface antigen|l eukocyte surface antigen CD53|tetraspanin-25|transmembrane glycoprotein

Disease

- Cardiovascular Diseases
- Diabetes Mellitus
- Edema