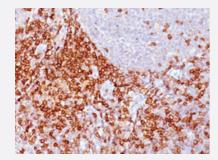


SPN monoclonal antibody, clone Bra7G

Catalog # MAB13437 Size 100 ug

Applications



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections)

Immunohistochemical staining (Formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) of human spleen with SPN monoclonal antibody, clone Bra7G (Cat # MAB13437).

Specification	
Product Description	Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against native human SPN.
Immunogen	Immature pluripotent human leukemia K562 cells.
Host	Mouse
Theoretical MW (kDa)	95, 115, 135
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Purification	PEG precipitation
Isotype	lgM, kappa
Recommend Usage	Flow Cytometry (0.5-1 ug/10 ⁶ cells in 0.1 mL) Immunofluorescence (1-2 ug/mL) Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) (0.5-1 ug/mL) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In 10 mM PBS (0.05% BSA, 0.05% sodium azide).



Product Information

Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul d be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

- Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)
 Immunohistochemical staining (Formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) of human spleen with SPN monoclonal antibody, clone Bra7G (Cat # MAB13437).
- Immunofluorescence
- Flow Cytometry

Gene Info — SPN	
Entrez GenelD	6693
Protein Accession#	P16150
Gene Name	SPN
Gene Alias	CD43, GPL115, LSN
Gene Description	sialophorin
Omim ID	<u>182160</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	Sialophorin (leukosialin) is a major sialoglycoprotein on the surface of human T lymphocytes, mon ocytes, granulocytes, and some B lymphocytes, which appears to be important for immune function and may be part of a physiologic ligand-receptor complex involved in T-cell activation.[supplied by OMIM
Other Designations	leukosialin sialophorin (gpL115, leukosialin, CD43) sialophorin (leukosialin, CD43)

Pathway

Cell adhesion molecules (CAMs)



Disease

• Kidney Failure