

FKBP4 monoclonal antibody, clone Hi52C (ATTO 488)

Catalog # MAB11374 Size 100 ug

Applications

Application Data with Unconjugated Antibody

Immunohistochemistry

Immunohistochemical staining of human prostate tissue with FKBP4 monoclonal antibody, clone Hi52C (Cat # MAB11372) shows the strongest staining for FKBP4 is in ductal epithelial cells.

| Specification | |
|------------------------|--|
| Product Description | Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of FKBP4. |
| Immunogen | A synthetic peptide corresponding to residues of human FKBP4. |
| Host | Mouse |
| Reactivity | Dog, Hamster, Human, Mouse, Rat |
| Form | Liquid |
| Conjugation | ATTO 488 |
| Extinction Coefficient | 90,000 |
| Excitation (Max) | 501 nm |
| Emission (Max) | 523 nm |
| Purification | Protein G purification |
| Isotype | lgG |



Product Information

| Recommend Usage | Western Blot (1:2000) Immunohistochemistry (1:250) Immunoprecipitation (5 ug with 10-20 uL Protein A beads) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user. |
|---------------------|--|
| Storage Buffer | In PBS, pH 7.4 (50% glycerol, 0.09% sodium azide) |
| Storage Instruction | Store at 4°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing. |
| Note | Application Data with Unconjugated Antibody Immunohistochemistry Immunohistochemical staining of human prostate tissue with FKBP4 monoclonal antibody, clone Hi5 2C (Cat # MAB11372) shows the strongest staining for FKBP4 is in ductal epithelial cells. |

Applications

- Western Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunoprecipitation

| Gene Info — FKBP4 | |
|--------------------|---|
| Entrez GenelD | 2288 |
| Protein Accession# | NP_002005.1 |
| Gene Name | FKBP4 |
| Gene Alias | FKBP52, FKBP59, HBI, Hsp56, PPlase, p52 |
| Gene Description | FK506 binding protein 4, 59kDa |
| Omim ID | 600611 |
| Gene Ontology | <u>Hyperlink</u> |



Product Information

Gene Summary

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the immunophilin protein family, which play a rol e in immunoregulation and basic cellular processes involving protein folding and trafficking. This e ncoded protein is a cis-trans prolyl isomerase that binds to the immunosuppressants FK506 and r apamycin. It has high structural and functional similarity to FK506-binding protein 1A (FKBP1A), b ut unlike FKBP1A, this protein does not have immunosuppressant activity when complexed with FK506. It interacts with interferon regulatory factor-4 and plays an important role in immunoregulato ry gene expression in B and T lymphocytes. This encoded protein is known to associate with phyt anoyl-CoA alpha-hydroxylase. It can also associate with two heat shock proteins (hsp90 and hsp70) and thus may play a role in the intracellular trafficking of hetero-oligomeric forms of the steroid hormone receptors. This protein correlates strongly with adeno-associated virus type 2 vectors (AAV) resulting in a significant increase in AAV-mediated transgene expression in human cell lines. Thus this encoded protein is thought to have important implications for the optimal use of AAV vectors in human gene therapy. The human genome contains several non-transcribed pseudogenes si milar to this gene. [provided by RefSeq

Other Designations

52 kD FK506 binding protein|FK506 binding protein 4 (59kD)|FK506 binding protein 52|FK506-binding protein 4 (59kD)|HSP binding immunophilin|T-cell FK506-binding protein, 59kD|p59 protein|peptidy|prolyl cis-trans isomerase|rotamase

Disease

- Asthma
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Glaucoma
- Hypospadias
- Syndrome