## LIMK2 HEK293 Cell Transient Overexpression Lysate(NonDenatured)

Catalog \# L132T6 Size 100 ug

Applications



## Western Blot

Lane 1: LIMK2 transfected lysate ( 78 KDa ).
Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.

| Specification |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Transfected Cell Line | HEK293 |
| Plasmid | pCMV-LIMK2 full length |
| Host | Human |
| Theoretical MW (kDa) | 78 |
| Lysis Buffer | Modified RIPA Lysis Buffer:50 mM Tris-HCI pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 1mM EDTA, 1\% Triton X-100, 0. <br> $1 \%$ SDS, 1\% Sodium deoxycholate, $1 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{PMSF}$. |
| Concentration | $2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml}$ |

Product Information

| Quality Control Testing | Transient overexpression cell lysate was tested with Anti-LIMK2 antibody (H00003985-M01) by West <br> ern Blots. <br> SDS-PAGE Gel <br> LIMK2 transfected lysate <br> Western Blot <br> Lane 1: LIMK2 transfected lysate ( 78 KDa ). <br> Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Recommend Usage | Use it directly for immuno-precipitation, or heat lysate with SDS gel loading buffer to $95^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 5 minut <br> es followed by rapid cooling for western blot application. If dissociating conditions are required, add $r$ <br> educing agent prior to heating. |
| Storage Buffer | In modified RIPA Lysis Buffer. |
| Storage Instruction | Store at $-80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing. |

## Applications

- Western Blot
- Immunoprecipitation

Protocol Download

| Gene Info - LIMK2 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Entrez GeneID | $\underline{3985}$ |
| GeneBank Accession\# | $\underline{\text { BC013051 }}$ |
| Protein Accession\# | $\underline{\text { AAH13051 }}$ |
| Gene Name | - |
| Gene Alias | $\underline{\text { LIM domain kinase 2 }}$ |
| Gene Description | $\underline{\text { Gyperlink }}$ |
| Omim ID |  |

## Product Information

## Gene Summary

There are approximately 40 known eukaryotic LIM proteins, so named for the LIM domains they c ontain. LIM domains are highly conserved cysteine-rich structures containing 2 zinc fingers. Althou gh zinc fingers usually function by binding to DNA or RNA, the LIM motif probably mediates protei n-protein interactions. LIM kinase-1 and LIM kinase-2 belong to a small subfamily with a unique co mbination of 2 N -terminal LIM motifs and a C-terminal protein kinase domain. The protein encode d by this gene is phosphorylated and activated by ROCK, a downstream effector of Rho, and the encoded protein, in turn, phosphorylates cofilin, inhibiting its actin-depolymerizing activity. It is tho ught that this pathway contributes to Rho-induced reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton. At least three transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by $R$ efSeq

## Other Designations

## Pathway

- Axon guidance
- Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis
- Regulation of actin cytoskeleton


## Disease

- Azoospermia
- Infertility
- Kidney Failure
- Oligospermia
- Tobacco Use Disorder

