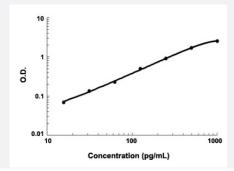


## TNFRSF14 (Human) ELISA Kit

Catalog # KA4267 Size 1 Kit

### **Applications**



The standard curve is for the purpose of demonstration only and should not be used to calculate unknowns. A standard curve should be generated each time the assay is performed.

Specification	
Product Description	TNFRSF14 (Human) ELISA Kit is a sandwich enzyme immunoassay for the quantitative measureme nt of human TNFRSF14.
Suitable Sample	Cell culture supernates, Plasma (EDTA, heparin) and Serum
Sample Volume	100 uL
Label	HRP-conjugated
<b>Detection Method</b>	Colorimetric
Assay Type	Quantitative
Calibration Range	15.6 to 1000 pg/mL
Reactivity	Human
Regulation Status	For research use only (RUO)
Quality Control Testing	Standard curve The standard curve is for the purpose of demonstration only and should not be used to calculate unkn owns. A standard curve should be generated each time the assay is performed.
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C for 6 months, at -20°C for 12 months. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.



# Applications

Quantification

Gene Info — TNFRSF14	
Entrez GeneID	<u>8764</u>
Gene Name	TNFRSF14
Gene Alias	ATAR, HVEA, HVEM, LIGHTR, TR2
Gene Description	tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily, member 14 (herpesvirus entry mediator)
Omim ID	602746
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the TNF-receptor superfamily. This receptor was identified as a cellular mediator of herpes simplex virus (HSV) entry. Binding of HSV viral envelope glycoprotein D (gD) to this receptor protein has been shown to be part of the viral entry mechanism. The cytoplasmic region of this receptor was found to bind to several TRAF family members, which may mediate the signal transduction pathways that activate the immune response. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	CD40-like protein OTTHUMP00000000866 herpesvirus entry mediator A tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily, member 14 tumor necrosis factor receptor-like gene2

#### Pathway

Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction

#### Disease

- Arthritis
- Asthma
- Autoimmune Diseases
- Diabetes Mellitus
- Disease Progression



- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Hematologic Diseases
- Hodgkin Disease
- Lymphoproliferative Disorders
- Multiple Myeloma
- Occupational Diseases
- Waldenstrom Macroglobulinemia
- Werner syndrome