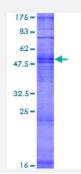


#### Full-Length

# OR8K1 (Human) Recombinant Protein (P01)

Catalog # H00390157-P01 Size 25 ug, 10 ug

## Applications



Specification	
Product Description	Human OR8K1 full-length ORF ( NP_001002907.1, 1 a.a 319 a.a.) recombinant protein with GST-t ag at N-terminal.
Sequence	MNHVVKHNHTAVTKVTEFILMGITDNPGLQAPLFGLFLIYLVTVIGNLGMVILTYLDSKLHTPMYFFLR HLSITDLGYSTVIAPKMLVNFIVHKNTISYNWYATQLAFFEIFIISELFILSAMAYDRYVAICKPLLYVIIMA EKVLWVLVIVPYLYSTFVSLFLTIKLFKLSFCGSNIISYFYCDCIPLMSILCSDTNELELIILIFSGCNLLF SLSIVLISYMFILVAILRMNSRKGRYKAFSTCSSHLTVVIMFYGTLLFIYLQPKSSHTLAIDKMASVFYT LLIPMLNPLIYSLRNKEVKDALKRTLTNRFKIPI
Host	Wheat Germ (in vitro)
Theoretical MW (kDa)	63
Interspecies Antigen Sequence	Mouse (82); Rat (82)
Preparation Method	in vitro wheat germ expression system
Purification	Glutathione Sepharose 4 Fast Flow
Quality Control Testing	12.5% SDS-PAGE Stained with Coomassie Blue.
Storage Buffer	50 mM Tris-HCI, 10 mM reduced Glutathione, pH=8.0 in the elution buffer.

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### **Product Information**

Storage Instruction

Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Note

Best use within three months from the date of receipt of this protein.

### Applications

- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay
- Western Blot (Recombinant protein)
- Antibody Production
- Protein Array

### Gene Info — OR8K1

Entrez GenelD	<u>390157</u>
GeneBank Accession#	<u>NM_001002907.1</u>
Protein Accession#	<u>NP_001002907.1</u>
Gene Name	OR8K1
Gene Alias	OR11-182, OR8N1P
Gene Description	olfactory receptor, family 8, subfamily K, member 1
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response tha t triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptor s share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. T he olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. [provid ed by RefSeq



**Product Information** 

Olfactory transduction