

DNAxPAb

Hard-to-Find Antibody

ASXL1 DNAxPab

Catalog # H00171023-W01P Size 200 ug

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a full-length human ASXL1 DNA using DNAx™ Immune te chnology.
Technology	DNAx™ Immune
Immunogen	Full-length human DNA
Sequence	MKDKQKKKKERTWAEAARLVLENYSDAPMTPKQILQVIEAEGLKEMSGTSPLACLNAMLHSNSR GGEGLFYKLPGRISLFTLKR
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against mammalian transfected lysate.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

• Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download

- Immunofluorescence (Transfected cell)
- Flow Cytometry (Transfected cell)



Gene Info — ASXL1	
Entrez GenelD	<u>171023</u>
GeneBank Accession#	BC064984.1
Protein Accession#	AAH64984.1
Gene Name	ASXL1
Gene Alias	KIAA0978, MGC117280, MGC71111
Gene Description	additional sex combs like 1 (Drosophila)
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	This gene is similar to the Drosophila additional sex combs gene, which encodes a chromatin-bin ding protein required for normal determination of segment identity in the developing embryo. The protein is a member of the Polycomb group of proteins, which are necessary for the maintenance of stable repression of homeotic and other loci. The protein is thought to disrupt chromatin in local ized areas, enhancing transcription of certain genes while repressing the transcription of other ge nes. The protein encoded by this gene functions as a ligand-dependent co-activator for retinoic ac id receptor in cooperation with nuclear receptor coactivator 1. Mutations in this gene are associat ed with myelodysplastic syndromes and chronic myelomonocytic leukemia. Alternative splicing re sults in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000030592 additional sex combs like 1

Disease

- Disease Progression
- Leukemia
- Myelodysplastic Syndromes
- Myeloproliferative Disorders